

Document Reference	Appendix No.	Title
4.01.9a	9.1	Heritage Desk Based Assessment (part 2)



Plate 1. Southern area of Area 3, facing south-east



Plate 2. Southern area of Area 3, facing south



Plate 3. Southern area of Area 3, trackway leading north-east



Plate 4. Southern area of Area 3, trackway leading south



Plate 5. Area 3, facing south towards Coed Quinnet woods



Plate 6. Area 3, facing south-east towards Coed Quinnet woods



Plate 7. Area 1, facing north-east



Plate 8. Area 1, facing south-east



Plate 9. Area 1, facing west



Plate 10. Area 1, facing south



Plate 11. Area 1, facing north-west



Plate 12. Area 1: location of Post-Medieval structure OFV01, facing north-west



Plate 13. Area 1: location of post-medieval quarry/limekiln OFV02, facing north



Plate 14. Area 1: location of post-medieval quarry/limekiln OFV02, facing north



Plate 15. Area 1: location of cropmarks NPRN 309284; GGAT03998s & NPRN 309275, facing north



Plate 16. Area 1: location of cropmarks NPRN 309284; GGAT03998s & NPRN 309275, facing north-west



Plate 17. Area 1: location of post-medieval quarry OFV03, facing north



Plate 18. Area 1: location of post-medieval quarry OFV03, facing north



Plate 19. Area 1: Scheduled Monument GM613, facing north-west



Plate 20. Area 1: Scheduled Monument GM613, facing north-east



Plate 21. Area 1: Scheduled Monument GM298, on hilltop in far distance, facing north-west



Plate 22. Area 2: Scheduled Monument GM117, facing north-east



Plate 23. Area 2: Scheduled Monument GM117, facing north



Plate 24. Area 2: GM117 from within the proposed site, facing north-east



Plate 25. Area 2: GM117 from within the proposed site, facing north



Plate 26. Area 2: GGAT03873s shown by remaining treeline, facing south-east



Plate 27. Area 2: approximate area of GGAT03877s, facing north-east



Plate 28. Area 2: approximate area of GGAT03874s, facing south-west



Plate 29. Area 2: looking towards hollow way (GGAT03884s), facing north-east



Plate 30. Area 2: Remain of Brook Farm (NPRN 414419; GGAT03879s; GGAT03880s; GGAT03881s)



Plate 31. Area 2: Remain of Brook Farm (NPRN 414419; GGAT03879s; GGAT03880s; GGAT03881s)



Plate 32. Area 2: Remain of Brook Farm (NPRN 414419; GGAT03879s; GGAT03880s; GGAT03881s)



Plate 33. Area 2: Remain of Brook Farm (NPRN 414419; GGAT03879s; GGAT03880s; GGAT03881s)



Plate 34. Area 2: Remain of Brook Farm (NPRN 414419; GGAT03879s; GGAT03880s; GGAT03881s)



Plate 35. Area 2: Remain of Brook Farm (NPRN 414419; GGAT03879s; GGAT03880s; GGAT03881s)



Plate 36. Area 2: Remain of Brook Farm (NPRN 414419; GGAT03879s; GGAT03880s; GGAT03881s)



Plate 37. Area 2: looking towards hollow way (GGAT03878s), looking south-west



Plate 38. Area 2: location of recorded parch marks (NPRN 422326), looking north-west



Plate 39. Area 2: location of recorded parch marks (NPRN 422326), looking north



Plate 40. Area 2: location of recorded parch marks (NPRN 422326), looking north-east



Plate 41. Area 2: location of small pond (GGAT03872s) and possible well, facing south-west



Plate 42. Area 2: location of small pond (GGAT03872s) and possible well, facing south



Plate 43. Scheduled Monument - Tinkinswood Burial Chamber (GM009), facing north



Plate 44. Scheduled Monument - Tinkinswood Burial Chamber (GM009), facing west



Plate 45. View from Tinkinswood Burial Chamber (GM009) towards site, facing east

Archaeology *Wales*

Appendix I: Gazetteer of sites recorded on the Regional HER

GLAMORGAN GWENT ARCHAEOLOGICAL TRUST HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT RECORD ENQUIRY REPORT - CORE RECORDS

Enquiry reference number: 6854

**Prepared by: Calli Rouse, Glamorgan Gwent Archaeological Trust
Produced for: Charley James-Martin, Archaeology Wales**

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Search criteria

Oakland Farm, Vale of Glamorgan approx. centre ST 07508 73266

PRN 00359s **NAME** *Castell Moel Hillfort, Llancarfan* **NGR** ST054734 **COMMUNITY** *Llancarfan*
TYPE *Iron Age, Hillfort, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Plough-damaged univallate hillfort of presumed Iron Age date located on a low hill 820m south-west of Bonvilston. Inside is sited a former medieval moated manor house of c13th century date (PRN 2234s).*

DESCRIPTION *Small univallate hillfort of presumed Iron Age date located on a low hill 820m south-west of Bonvilston. It has been badly damaged by ploughing and in places its perimeter is uncertain. Inside is sited a former medieval moated manor house of c13th century date (PRN 2234s). Stands on a small hill E of Cowbridge, 110m OD. Principle remains are a strong bank and ditch, 15m wide by 3m high, with traces of a counterscarp, forming three sides of a rectangle. A larger rampart extends from the NE corner for 30m SE. Traces of a rampart lie 50m W of the rectangle, crossing the hill N-S, and to the north of this lies a hollow which was formerly a stream, now dry. An 100 year earlier description describes the enclosure as having a S entrance, giving the certainty that the present condition is due to levelling. The ditch of the rectangular enclosure is much sharper than that of the others, suggesting a later date. The work most likely represents a small medieval defended enclosure, superimposed onto the hill-fort, but this cannot be ascertained for definite without excavation. The hill-fort size is uncertain but cannot have exceeded 115m W to W by 85m, area 0.8ha. (Wiggins and Evans 2005)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION:* - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1977

STATUS *Scheduled Monument GM298A , UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1407*

CROSS REFERENCES *Associated with 2234s, Same as 301307 GGATE000736, GGATE001455*

SOURCES

Article O'Neil BH STJ. 1954 The Castles of Wales (A Hundred Years of Welsh Archeology).

Article Savory H.N. & Nash-Williams V.E. 1949 List of Hill-Forts and other Earthworks

Article Ward J. 1908 Notes on Roman Remains in the Society's District

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: Llancarfan Website accessed 21 December 2012

Report Wiggins, H and Evans, E 2005 Prehistoric defended enclosures in Glamorgan with recommendations for fieldwork 1828

01/MM Record Card/OS/957/ST 07 SE 24

02/PM Map/Rees W/1932/S Wales & Border in C14

03/PM List/Spurgeon CJ & Thomas HJ/1977/Arch in Wales pp40-42 no76

03/PM Note/Savory HN/1949/Bull Board Celtic Stud/Vol13 p158
 04/PM Note/1933/Arch Camb/p341
 05/PM Note/1911/Arch Camb/p137
 06/PH Note/Clark GT/1866/Arch Camb/p14
 07/PM Desc Text/RCAHMW/1976/Glam Invent volI pt2/no638
 08/MM AP/Westair/1979/BM1591-2
 09/MM Record Card/OS/1978/ST 07 SE
 10/MM Photo/GGAT/Lewis W/1979-80 **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00359s>

PRN 00360s **NAME** Bonvilston House **NGR** ST06507413 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston
TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, House, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY Bonvilston. The mansion of the ancient family of Basset, which is situated here, has been recent a wing of Old Beaupre Castle.

DESCRIPTION Bonvilston. The mansion of the ancient family of Basset, which is situated here, has been recent a wing of Old Beaupre Castle.

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1977

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES Same as 18065

SOURCES

01/MM Record Card/OS//1957/ST 07 SE 3/
 02/PH List//Lewis S/1849/Topog Dict/p93 **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00360s>

PRN 00361s **NAME** Inhumation **NGR** ST06057353 **COMMUNITY** Llancarfan

TYPE Unknown, Inhumation, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY No new description. Dimensions not known.

DESCRIPTION No new description. Dimensions: Dimensions not known. (1915) Human remains found AD 1827. GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project 2003

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1977

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

01/MM Record Card/OS//1957/ST 07 SE 4/
 02/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S15001591
 Pm desc text/Evans EM/2003/GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00361s>

PRN 00362s **NAME** Leige Castle Chapel connected to Greendown

Grange **NGR** ST05677297 **COMMUNITY** Llancarfan

TYPE Medieval, Chapel, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY Marked on Rees's map as 'chapel and graveyard'; possibly associated with Greendown Grange (Margam Abbey).

DESCRIPTION Marked on Rees's map of South Wales and the Borders in 14th century as 'chapel and graveyard'; possibly associated with Greendown Grange (Margam Abbey). The site of the chapel is apparently represented by a flat and approximately rectangular mound, 14m from N to S, 20m from E to W, and 0.3m high, grass-covered with no trace of the building > To the S and SE are the remains of the probable enclosure boundary. These consist of a ditch which averages 1.7m wide and 0.3m deep, and extends from ST 05667292 to ST05707298, with a short turn to the NW about its mid-point. The N and W of the enclosure is bounded by modern field banks. To the NW of the building site there has been some surface quarrying. Enclosure as described in 1956 was no longer visible in 1970 (OS card ST 07 SE 5). This is presumably the extinct chapel of Liege Castle noted by Wade Evans (1911, 46) in Llancarfan parish. Evans 2003: GGAT 73 Early-Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project database The site of the chapel is apparently represented by a flat rectangular mound, 14m from N to S, 20m from E to W, and 0.3m high.

That information is drawn from the OS Record card of the 1956 RCAHMW survey. The same source records that the site is grass-covered with no trace of a buildings. to the south and east were the remains of a probable enclosure boundary, consisting of a ditch which averages 1.7m wide and 0.3m deep, extending from ST05667292, to ST05707298, with a short turn to the north-west about its mid-point. The north and west of the enclosure is bounded by modern field banks. A visit to the site in 1970 recorded that the enclosure boundary was no longer discernible. A slightly sunken, overgrown track runs across the top of the pasture and leaves the property boundary at the north-western corner of the field in which the chapel site is situated. The track travels towards Leech Castle Farm and, beyond, the moated site of Castell Moel. The site is barely discernible, and is situated at the top of a field of recently sown barley. A slightly raised platform could just be made out, defined as much by the fact that this plot is not ploughed, being left to grass. (Tir Gofal S/15/001591) The mound identified as the site of the church has been subjected to further ploughing and now survives in a very spread state; sub-circular mound, well-spread, indistinct edges measures 18.5m in diameter. Visibility affected by high grass growth. The ploughed out remains of the bank enclosing the chapel yard on the N & E side are now partially indistinct (e.g. SE corner), elsewhere the enclosures are marked by a mixture of mature trees/hedges. The field visit confirmed that whilst the enclosure boundary has been ploughed, a slight bank or scarp and ditch was visible following the line of the enclosure boundary on the NE side of the yard as shown on the 1st edition OS, and as a slight ditch to SE. The remains of a bank, 0.25m in height, with possible accompanying ditch demarcating the SE side of the chapel yard is traceable for c. 4m. Elsewhere the bank is spread by up to 3m, and very indistinct (Bowden and Roberts 2011).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: E002061 RECORDED: 2004
CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Sub-circular mound, well spread, indistinct edges measures 18.5m in diameter. Site visit made during good weather, the grass was quite high and this may have affected the visibility of sites. The junction of S and E boundaries of the chapel graveyard enclosure are now fairly indistinct having been subjected to ploughing and animal erosion, in particular the SE corner (Bowden and Roberts 2011). **RELATED EVENT: E002106 RECORDED: 2012**

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 04164s, Same as 401327 GGATE002061 , GGATE002062 , GGATE002063, GGATE002064, GGATE002101, GGATE002106, GGATE002610, GGATE002611

SOURCES

Book RCAHMW 1982 Glamorgan: Medieval Non-defensive Secular Monuments
 Book Wade-Evans 1911 Parochiale Walllicarum
 Report Bowden, R. and Roberts, R. 2011 Abandoned Medieval Chapels and Churches in Glamorgan and Gwent 3005
 Report Zienkiewicz, L. 2001 Tyn y Coed Farm, Bonvilston, Cardiff. Tir Gofal HE 2 Farm Visit Report 2121 HER Search Room
 01/MM Record Card/OS//1957/ST 07 SE 5/;
 02/PM Map//Rees W/1932/S Wales & Border in C14/;
 03/PM Mention//S Glam County Council//County Treasures/No25;
 04/PM List//RCAHM/1979/Glam Invent/Forthcoming;
 05/PM Photo/GGAT/Lewis W/1981//;
 06/Record Card/OS//2.4.82/ST 07 SE 5/
 07/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S15001591
 Evans EM, 2003-04, GGAT 73 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT00362s>

PRN 00363s **NAME** Bonvilston Churchyard Cross **NGR** ST0646374010 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE Medieval, Churchyard cross, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY A calvary of four steps, surmounted by a Medieval type socket stone and modern cross shaft, has been converted to use as a War Memorial.

DESCRIPTION A calvary of four steps, surmounted by a Medieval type socket stone and modern cross shaft, has been converted to use as a War Memorial. Four steps built in squared blocks lias limestone; socket stone square/octagonal, upper half chamfered, very eroded; modern shaft and head (restored as war memorial). Evans 1998 GGAT 51 Historic Churches Project

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2004

STATUS listed building 16320 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1024

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Online Resource The Handley Partnership HAAbase built heritage assessment system: Buildings at Risk database
 Report Evans, E M 1998 Glamorgan Historic Churches Survey: Churches in the Archdeaconry of Llandaff,

Deanery of Penarth & Barry

01/MM Record Card//1957/ST 07 SE/ ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00363s>

PRN 00364s **NAME** St Mary's Church at Bonvilston **NGR** ST0645474019 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE Medieval, Church, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY The church of Bonvilston is first mentioned in 1234. It consists of nave, separate chancel, W tower, S porch, organ chamber and vestry. An internal batter indicates that at least part of the building is early, but the surviving details are Perpendicular or Tudor. It was largely rebuilt in 1863-64.

DESCRIPTION The church of Bonvilston is first mentioned in 1234 (Crouch 1988, 69-70). ORRIN GIVES A DATE OF 1180. There is no evidence that it was a pre-Norman foundation. The churchyard is quadrangular, and the churchyard cross survives. The church consists of nave, separate chancel, W tower, S porch, with organ chamber and vestry added against the N side of the chancel. Only the N and W walls of the nave, the chancel arch (?with the E wall of the nave) and the tower seem to have survived from the earlier church, the rest of the building having apparently been completely pulled down and rebuilt in the 19th century. The church is shown as cross-shaped on the tithe plan of 1839 (GIRO P/29/11); this may be merely a conventional representation, but it could point to the existence of perhaps a S porch and a N vestry room. The presence of an internal batter to the N wall of the nave points to a relatively early date; however, as it fades away to the W, it is possible that only the E end is early and that the church was lengthened when the tower was added. The chancel arch is Perpendicular, and resembles those at Llanharry and Pendoylan though of rather cruder workmanship; the tower arch, although clearly medieval, has no datable features. In the tower, the belfry windows are Tudor but the W door is probably earlier; it is difficult to determine whether the window above it is also Perpendicular or is a Victorian addition, since it is concealed behind a guard which hinders assessment. The church was largely rebuilt in 1863-64, architects Prichard and Seddon. There are a number of wall tablets (Orrin 1988b, 110, 111). There is a fine medieval font, dated by Newman (1995, 157) to c 1200 is similar to that at Capel Llanilltern, and the carving of the figure of a man with a vine-scroll border. Otherwise the internal fittings are Victorian or later, including a matched set of Edwardian chancel fittings, pulpit and lectern. There are six bells, dated 1718 (Orrin 1988b, 112).

BIBLIOGRAPHY Published and printed Crouch, D, 1988, Llandaff episcopal acta 1140-1287. Cardiff: Cardiff Record Society) Green, C A H, 1906-7, Notes on churches in the diocese of Llandaff, 79-80 Newman, J, 1995, The Buildings of Wales: Glamorgan, 44, 92, 157 Orrin, G, 1988b, Medieval churches of the Vale of Glamorgan, 108-13 Documentary and manuscript GIRO P/29/11 1839 Tithe map P/29/CW/1 1826-45 Churchwardens' accounts including vestry minutes 1845-46, 1859-60, 1864-68, 1873-75 P/29/CW/2 1845-1971 Churchwardens' accounts including Easter Vestry minutes 1849, 1873, 1887, 1893, 1900-71 P/29/CW/6 1920-53 PCC minutes P/29/CW/27 1902-34 Churchwardens' accounts P/29/CW/28/1-3 1930-34 Estimates for painting church exterior and repair work P/29/CW/31 1936 Report on condition of bells P/29/CW/32 1936 Specification for restoration of bells P/29/CW/34 1885 Letter re restoration of heating apparatus P/29/CW/35 1943 Estimates for heating apparatus P/29/CW/36 1908 Faculty : pulpit, lectern, choir stalls, altar rail P/29/CW/37/1-2 1919 Faculty: churchyard cross and stone cross as war memorial P/29/CW/38 1920 Faculty: memorial window and tablet, with correspondence P/29/CW/39/1-2 1936 Faculty: refitting bells, with miscellaneous papers P/29/CW/40/1-3 1949 Faculty: installation of electricity, with correspondence P/29/CW/42 1920 Bills re churchyard cross P/29/CW/44/1-18 1902-51 Insurance policies NLW LL/F/80 1908 Faculty: New pulpit, lectern, choir stalls, altar rails LL/F/81 1919 Faculty: Churchyard cross and tablet LL/F/82 1920 Faculty: Reredos LL/F/83 1920 Faculty: Stained glass window Evans 1998 GGAT 51 Historic Churches Project Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2004

STATUS listed building 13602 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1467

CROSS REFERENCES Same as 153, Same as 4423 GGATE001386

SOURCES

Online Resource Cadw Listed Buildings Description

Online Resource The Handley Partnership HAABase built heritage assessment system: Buildings at Risk database Report Evans, E M 1998 Glamorgan Historic Churches Survey: Churches in the Archdeaconry of Llandaff, Deanery of Penarth & Barry

Report Evans, E M 2003 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical sites in Southeast Wales: Desk based assessment 1317

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

01/MM Record Card//OS//1957/ST 07 SE/;

02/PM Map//Rees W/1932/S Wales & Border in C14/;

EM Evans (1998) GGAT 51/81 Welsh Historic Churches Survey: Glamorgan and Gwent

Evans EM, 2003-04, GGAT 73 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project **ARCHWILIO URL**

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00364s>

PRN 00365s NAME Findspot **NGR** ST0674 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE Bronze Age, Findspot, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY Bronze palstave, looped, the butt slightly damaged, with single rib on blade. A poor casting with blurred edges and details. Length 146mm, width 70mm.

DESCRIPTION Bronze palstave, looped, the butt slightly damaged, with single rib on blade. A poor casting with blurred edges and details. Length 146mm, width 70mm.

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1977

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Article Thomas H. 1958 Roman Discoveries in the Vale of Glamorgan

01/MM Record Card/OS//1957/ST 07 SE 8/;

02/PM Desc Text//Grimes WF/1951/The Prehist of Wales/p177 **ARCHWILIO URL**

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT00365s>

PRN 00366s NAME Cottrell Castle Motte **NGR** ST08097450 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE Medieval, Motte, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY A motte 22m in diameter at the top, 35m in diameter at the base with a height of 1-2m. The outer ditch, with a marked counterscarp bank was probably originally a ringwork, the centre having been infilled.

DESCRIPTION A motte 22m in diameter at the top, 35m in diameter at the base with a height of 1-2m. The outer ditch, with a marked counterscarp bank was probably originally a ringwork, the centre having been infilled. There is a slight indication that there may have been a bailey to the east. The relationship of this site to the more massive earthworks at Y Gaer to the NE is uncertain. (09) Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1977

STATUS Scheduled Monument GM364 , UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 2369

CROSS REFERENCES Same as 307711 GGATE001481

SOURCES

Report Ferrell, G. 1989 Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area 1 78-89_01

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

01/MM Record Card/OS//1970/ST 07 SE 9/;

010/Desc Text/Cadw/ Full Management Report/2006/ Copy in further information file

02/PM Desc Text//Hogg AHA & King DJC/1963/Archaeol Cambrensis/Vol112

03/MM Photo/GGAT/Lewis W/1979-80//;

04/MM Record Card/OS//1970/ST 07 SE/;

05/PM Desc Text///1971/Glamorgan Co Hist/No3 p439;

06/PM Desc Text///1963/Archaeol Cambrensis/Vol112 p100;

07/MM Record Card/OS//1982/ST 07 SE 9/

08/pm desc text/RCAHM//1991/Invent III 1b/MO1

09/Pm Desc Text/Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area/Access Archaeology/1989/GGAT

SMR Report Archive **ARCHWILIO URL**

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT00366s>

PRN 00368s NAME Coed y Cwm Motte, St Nicolas and Boviston **NGR** ST08287366 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE Medieval, Ringwork, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY A ring motte consists of a bank 0.4m high with an outer ditch 1.2m deep. In the NW where the ridge falls sharply away there is an outer slope forming a bank (OS card ST 07 SE 9).

DESCRIPTION A ring motte consists of a bank 0.4m high with an outer ditch 1.2m deep. In the NW where the ridge falls sharply away there is an outer slope forming a bank (OS card ST 07 SE 9). Excavated; formidable defences (RCAHMW 1991, 92-4 CR6) Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2004

STATUS *Scheduled Monument GM117, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 2368*
CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 93069 GGATE000737, GGATE000900*

SOURCES

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

01/MM Record Card/OS//1970/ST 07 SE/;

02/PM Excav Rep//Alcock L/1964/Morgannwg/Vol8 p69;

03/PM Excav Rep//Alcock L/1965/Morgannwg/Vol9 p95;

04/PM Excav Rep//Talbot EJ/1965/Archaeol in Wales/No5 Item61 p19;

05/PM Excav Rep//Talbot EJ/1965/Archaeol in Wales/No4 Item61 p13;

06/pm desc text/RCAHM//1991/Invent III 1a/CR6

08/MM Record Card/OS//8.4.82/ST 07 SE/

09/Desc Text/Cadw/ Full Management Report/2006/ Copy in further information file ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00368s>

PRN 00369s **NAME** *Coed y Cwm* **NGR** ST0810873779 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Neolithic, Long barrow, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *A possible collapsed or unfinished burial chamber, comprising three large slabs of highly weathered tabular limestone. The largest slab is c 3m long and a maximum of 1m thick, being markedly thinner (0.4m - 0.9m) at its S end. It lies slightly tilted tow*

DESCRIPTION *A possible collapsed or unfinished burial chamber, comprising three large slabs of highly weathered tabular limestone. The largest slab is c 3m long and a maximum of 1m thick, being markedly thinner (0.4m - 0.9m) at its S end. It lies slightly tilted towards the SW. On its NE side it is propped up by numerous small stones underneath. The two smaller slabs are positioned immediately to the S and are c 1m across and 0.25m thick. The stones are situated on a low ridge, but there is no indication of any mound. It is unclear whether this is a genuine prehistoric monument or a natural feature. These stones may indeed be the last remains of a now denuded long barrow, but excavation in 1936 showed the slabs to rest on a natural gravel formation in which no trace of sockets could be found, which might argue against it having been a built structure (Daniel 1937). However, a polished flint axe was found beneath the surface about 0.5m E of the stones, indicating that at the very least they were the focus of some prehistoric activity. Reference: Daniel, GE, 1937, '##', Archaeologia Cambrensis #, 287-93 Dimensions: See descriptive text (1967/1976) Burial Chamber, Coed-y-cwm, at about 100m above OD on a low ridge overlooking a tributary stream of the R Waycock on the S. Four slabs of tabular limestone lie on the ridge in a position not accepted as natural when it was suggested in 1935 that they could represent a ruined or unfinished cromlech, sited at the E end of a much denuded long barrow. The largest slab is 3.0m long E-W by 1.4m by 0.5m thick, but the others are barely one quarter as large in area and half as thick. Excavation in 1936 showed them to lie on a natural gravel formation in which no trace of sockets can be found. A polished flint axe was found beneath the surface about half a metre E of the stones. The ridge was interpreted as natural in a cutting 6m W of the stones, but this may have been the unweathered surface beneath a vestigial long mound which was formerly detectable by levelling; furthermore, the stones are unlikely to have reached their present position through natural agency. (1982) These carboniferous limestone boulders are weathered over their upper surfaces to a depth of circa 0.13m, suggesting many thousands of years of weathering in situ and, together with the now slight, ploughed down mound upon which they rest, are most probably a natural formation. Bedrock of the same stone is very close to the surface hereabouts. (1986) The cairn stands in a grass field, grazed by cows, on a low ridge, with a small valley to the NE. The remains consist of one large and two smaller stones to the south of the larger one. This is a large pitted stone, c.2.7m x 1m (max) lying slightly titled towards the south west. It is 0.4m - 0.9m thick being thinnest at the southern end. On its north eastern side it is propped up by some small stones underneath it. One at the southern end is larger than the rest. The two smaller stones just south of the larger one are of the same pitted stone and are c.1m across and 0.4m and 0.25m thick. There is no sign of a mound. GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project 2003 Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1977*

STATUS *Scheduled Monument GM116, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 2367*

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 93068 GGATE000738, GGATE001481*

SOURCES

Report Ferrell, G. 1989 Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area 1 78-89_01

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

01/MM Record/OS//1970/ST 07 SE/;

010/Desc Text/Cadw/ Full Management Report/2006/ Copy in further information file

02/PM Excav Rep//Daniel GE/1937/Archaeol Cambrensis/pp287-93;

03/PM List//RCAHM/1976/Glamorgan Invent/p40 No45;

04/PM Desc Text///1849/Archaeol Cambrensis/Vol4 No16 pp327-8;

05/PH Desc Text///1874/Trans Cardiff Natur Soc/Vol6 pp73-8;

06/MM Record Card/OS//8.4.82/ST 07 SE 12/;

07/MM Desc Text/CADW/Whittle E/1986/AM107/

08/Pm Desc Text/Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area/Access Archaeology/1989/SMR Report Archive

Pm desc text/PEARSON, A/2003/GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00369s>

PRN 00370s NAME Redland Standing Stone **NGR** ST07817382 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston
TYPE Bronze Age, Standing stone, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY At Redland Farm, W of St Nicholas at 105m OD, a standing stone was recorded on several occasions during the 20th century. RCAHMW 1976 described it as an oval slab of limestone, 1.8m long, 1.2m wide and 0.5m thick. When visited in 1937 the stone was still

DESCRIPTION At Redland Farm, W of St Nicholas at 105m OD, a standing stone was recorded on several occasions during the 20th century. RCAHMW 1976 described it as an oval slab of limestone, 1.8m long, 1.2m wide and 0.5m thick. When visited in 1937 the stone was still standing, but by 1950 it had fallen and lay recumbent. Its location was described as being close to a hedge adjacent to the road that ran around the back of Redland Farm. However, during the present survey no trace of this stone was found. The stated NGR would place the stone on the line of a modern hedge of coniferous trees, and it is possible that it was removed during the planting of this boundary. Dimensions: Dimensions not known. (1967/1976) At Redland, W of St Nicholas, at 105m above OD. An oval slab of limestone, 1.8m long by 1.2m wide and 0.5m thick. It has fallen since it was seen by Daniel in 1936, and now lies recumbent and partly overgrown close to a hedge at ST07817382. (1950) This stone lying on its side, measures 2.0m high, 1.0m wide and 0.5m thick. GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project 2003

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** E001953 **RECORDED:** 1977

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES Same as 307721 GGATE001481, GGATE001953, GGATE001962, GGATE001963

SOURCES

Document OS Record Card

Report Ferrell, G. 1989 Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area 1 78-89_01

Report Pearson, A F and Lewis, R 2003 Prehistoric funerary and ritual sites. Blaenau Gwent, Caerphilly, Cardiff, Monmouthshire, Newport, Torfaen and the Vale of Glamorgan 1553 GGAT 72

01/MM Record Card/OS//1970/ST 07 SE 13/;

02/PM Desc Text//Daniel GE/1937/Archaeol Cambrensis/p287;

03/PM List//RCAHM/1976/Glamorgan Invent/p124 No561/;

04/PH Desc Text//Evans&Franklen G/1881/Trans Cardiff Natur Soc/Vol13

05/Desc Text/ FI/Jack W/17-5-50

06.Pm desc text/Evans EM/2003/GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project

07/Pm Desc Text/Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area/Access Archaeology/1989/GGAT SMR Report Archive ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00370s>

PRN 00372s NAME Cottrell Park Standing Stone **NGR** ST0804574124 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE Bronze Age, Standing stone, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY Standing stone, which was originally situated almost opposite the entrance to Cottrell Park, where the main road now runs. It was moved in 1935 and has now been re-erected within a fenced enclosure on the margins of a the field to the SE. It was investi

DESCRIPTION Standing stone, which was originally situated almost opposite the entrance to Cottrell Park, where the main road now runs. It was moved in 1935 and has now been re-erected within a fenced enclosure on the margins of a the field to the SE. It was investigated prior to its removal, but nothing was found (Grimes 1934). The monument comprises a large, weathered slab of limestone, 2.9m long, 0.6m thick and 2.3m high. Reference: Grimes, WF, 1934, '##', Trans Cardiff Natur Soc 67, ## Dimensions: length 2.9m; thickness 0.6m; height 2.3m (1967/1976) Near Tre-hill, St Nicholas, at about 94m above OD. The stone formerly stood almost opposite the entrance to Cottrell Park where the main road now runs, but has been re-erected in the field about 27m to the SE. It is a large weathered slab of limestone, 2.9m long by 0.6m thick, and 2.3m high. It was investigated by WF Grimes before its removal in 1935, but nothing was found. (1950) This stone is now in the field south of the original site, it is much weathered and measures 3.0m in length, 2.0m high and 0.5m in width. GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project 2003

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1977

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 307723 GGATE000739, GGATE001481*

SOURCES

Report Ferrell, G. 1989 Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area 1 78-89_01
01/MM Record Card/OS//1978/ST 07 SE 15/;
02/PM Excav Rep//Grimes WF/1934/Trans Cardiff Natur Soc/Vol 67
03/PM List//RCAHM/1976/Glamorgan Invent/p124 No562;
04/MM Record Card/OS//1978/ST 07 SE 15/;
05/PM Desc Text// Daniel GE/1937/Archaeol Cambrensis/Vol92 p287;
06/PH Desc Text//Evans Franklen G/1881/Trans Cardiff Natur Soc/
07/MM Record Card/OS//9.3.78/ST 07 SE 44/
08/Desc Text/ FI/Jack W/17-5-50
09/Pm Desc Text/Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area/Access Archaeology/1989/GGAT SMR Report Archive
Pm desc text/Evans EM/2003/GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT00372s>

PRN 00373s **NAME** *Findspot* **NGR** *ST07787418* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Coin hoard, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *A valuable collection of coins was unearthed between Bonvilstone and St Nicholas. Most of the coins are C17*

DESCRIPTION *A valuable collection of coins was unearthed between Bonvilstone and St Nicholas. Most of the coins are C17*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1977*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

01/MM Record Card/OS//1957/ST 07 SE 16/;
02/PM Desc Text///1903-4/Bye Gones/Vol8 p321; ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT00373s>

PRN 00374s **NAME** *Tinkinswood Chambered Tomb* **NGR** *ST0922473315* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Neolithic, Long barrow, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *The Tinkinswood chambered tomb has been extensively studied and described by modern scholars, although the majority of information is derived from Ward's excavation (Ward 1915). The state of the monument has not changed since the RCAHMW description was made*

DESCRIPTION *The Tinkinswood chambered tomb has been extensively studied and described by modern scholars, although the majority of information is derived from Ward's excavation (Ward 1915). The state of the monument has not changed since the RCAHMW description was made in 1976, which reads as follows: The cairn is 40m long on an axial bearing of 74 degrees, with straight sides diverging slightly from a width of 16.2m at the W end, which is also straight, to 17.8m at the E end, which curves inwards from square corners (as restored from inadequate evidence in Ward's excavations) to form a funnel-shaped fore-court. This outline is defined by well laid dry-stone walling of locally quarried sandy limestone, which was revealed standing to a maximum height of 0.9m when excavated, and probably reached 1.3m originally, if the excavator was correct in regarding all stone in the talus as fallen material; he interpreted the outward displacement and tilt of the extant walling as due to soil pressure, and rejected the possibility of deliberate concealment by extra-revetment material, as observed at some other sites. The sides of the fore-court decrease in curvature from a width of about 8m to a final width of 4.3m at 5.3m from the end of the cairn, against the E wall of the megalithic chamber. The chamber itself is almost rectangular, about 5m long E-W by at least 3.5m, walled with massive upright slabs except on the S side, which was destroyed by early stone robbers. An inserted pillar now assists in supporting the single capstone, estimated to weigh about 40 metric tonnes, which is pitched gently upward and thickens to the E to enhance its frontal appearance. The internal height of the back of the chamber was 1.5m from original ground level. The use of dry walling to fill gaps between uprights is also attested at the NE corner. The outer side of the E chamber wall, facing the forecourt, was probably concealed to its full height originally by a stone-faced bank of rubble about 0.6m thick at the base and having a considerable batter, which survives to more than a metre high. The entrance to the chamber was at its NE corner, by a slab-lined passage 0.8m wide leading through this bank. The upper part of the northern member of this chamber wall beyond projects so as to form a rough arch, of which the height has been*

reduced to about 0.7m by movement from the N. In clearance of the passage, slabs of suitable size for a true lintel and for a door were found, the latter having been trimmed to an oblong shape 0.94 by 0.76m, to fit in a basal slot between two stones of the rough paving. A detailed examination of the main body of cairn material showed it to consist of local limestone and mudstone blocks generally ranging in size up to about a metre across, the heaviest being those forming a supporting packing around the chamber. There was also a roughly built backing to the outer revetment, with which it formed a band about 1.5m thick overall. The interior contained two series of transverse lines of upright stones set on the ground surface, not always contiguously, measuring up to 0.6m thick and 0.8m high. These divided the N and S halves of the cairn into compartments about 2m wide, which were not exactly opposed, and were only detected in the W end. The filling of rubble tended to be pitched toward the centre of the cairn, and appeared to have been capped, at a level top about 1.2m high, with a clayey soil which had been eroded into the rubble below. The slabs used in building the main chamber could have been obtained from a quarry nearby, but it is possible that some at least already lay exposed on the site. In the middle of the N half of the cairn was a secondary pit about 2.9m square, lined with thin upright slabs, which were mostly broken, and were missing from the S side. Several large blocks of mudstone lying on top of the cairn to N and W of this pit had probably been removed from the original ground surface, for similar blocks were observed at the base of the cairn elsewhere in the N half and SE of the chamber, indicating the incorporation of a natural scatter of such material. Finds from the excavation included a large quantity of human and animal bones, many having been thrown out of the chamber when its S side was destroyed, but even those burials contained in undisturbed deposits were disarticulated. They represented at least 50 individuals of which 8 were certainly juvenile, 21 female and 16 male. Pottery found with the bones included fragments of bowls of neolithic ware, some of which lay on the floor of the forecourt in front of the entrance, while fragments of a vessel in Beaker style indicated comparatively Late Neolithic use of the chamber. Stone implements included a flint lance-head from the original surface under the cairn. The secondary pit was not certainly sepulchral in purpose, since it only contained animal bones, though some human remains lay close by. Later use of the chamber, at least for shelter, is suggested by a bone gaming die of early Iron Age type and by Romano-British and medieval pottery. (?) Cairn is 40m long, with straight sides diverging slightly from a width of 10.2m at the W end to 17.8m at the E end, which curves inwards from square corners to form a funnel-shaped forecourt. Reference: Ward, J. 1915, 'St Nicholas chambered tumulus, Glamorgan', *Archaeologia Cambrensis* 6 ser 15, 253-320. (1968/1976) Chambered Long Cairn, Tinkinswood, the cairn stands at 75m above OD on ground which declines gently to the SW at the head of the river Waycock. It was carefully excavated in 1914, and has since been consolidated and taken into State Guardianship. The cairn is 40m long on an axial bearing of 74 degrees, with straight sides diverging slightly from a width of 16.2m at the W end, which is also straight, to 17.8m at the E end, which curves inwards from square corners (as restored from inadequate evidence in Wards excavations) to form a funnel-shaped fore-court. This outline is defined by well laid dry-stone walling of locally quarried sandy limestone, which was revealed standing to a maximum height of 0.9m when excavated, and probably reached 1.3m originally, if the excavator was correct in regarding all stone in the talus as fallen material; he interpreted the outward displacement and tilt of the extant walling as due to soil pressure, and rejected the possibility of deliberate concealment by extra-revetment material, as observed at some other sites. The sides of the fore-court decrease in curvature from a width of about 8m to a final width of 4.3m at 5.3m from the end of the cairn, against the E wall of the megalithic chamber. The chamber itself is almost rectangular, about 5m long E-W by at least 3.5m, walled with massive upright slabs except on the S side, which was destroyed by early stone robbers. An inserted pillar now assists in supporting the single capstone, estimated to weigh about 40 metric tons, which is pitched gently upward and thickens to the E to enhance its frontal appearance. The internal height of the back of the chamber was 1.5m from original ground level. The use of dry walling to fill gaps between uprights is also attested at the NE corner. The outer side of the E chamber wall, facing the forecourt, was probably concealed to its full height originally by a stone-faced bank of rubble about 0.6m thick at the base and having a considerable batter, which survives to more than a metre high. The entrance to the chamber was at its NE corner, by a slab-lined passage 0.8m wide leading through this bank. The upper part of the northern member of this chamber wall beyond projects so as to form a rough arch, of which the height has been reduced to about 0.7m by movement from the N. In clearance of the passage, slabs of suitable size for a true lintel and for a door were found, the latter having been trimmed to an oblong shape 0.94 by 0.76m, to fit in a basal slot between two stones of the rough paving. A detailed examination of the main body of cairn material showed it to consist of local limestone and mudstone blocks generally ranging in size up to about a metre across, the heaviest being those forming a supporting packing around the chamber. There was also a roughly built backing to the outer revetment, with which it formed a band about 1.5m thick overall. The interior contained two series of transverse lines of upright stones set on the ground surface, not always contiguously, measuring up to 0.6m thick and 0.8m high. These divided the N and S halves of the cairn into compartments about 2m wide, which were not exactly opposed, and were only detected in the W end. The filling of rubble tended to be pitched toward the centre of the cairn, and appeared to have been capped, at a level top about 1.2m high, with a clayey soil which had been eroded into the rubble below. The slabs used in building the main chamber could have been obtained from a quarry nearby, but it is possible that some at least already lay exposed on the site. In the middle of the N half of the cairn was a secondary pit about 2.9m square, lined with thin upright slabs, which were mostly broken, and were missing from the S side. Several large blocks of mudstone lying on top of the cairn to N and W of this pit had probably been removed from the original ground surface, for similar blocks were observed at the base of the cairn elsewhere in the N half and SE of the chamber, indicating the incorporation of a natural scatter of such material. Finds from the excavation included a large quantity of human and animal bones, many having been thrown out of the chamber when its S side was destroyed, but even those burials contained in undisturbed deposits were disarticulated. They represented at least 50 individuals of which 8 were certainly juvenile, 21 female and 16 male. Pottery found with the bones included fragments of bowls of neolithic ware, some of which lay on the floor of the forecourt in front of the entrance, while fragments of a vessel in beaker style indicated comparatively late neolithic use of the chamber. Stone implements included a flint lance-head from the original surface under the cairn. The secondary pit was not certainly sepulchral in purpose, since it only contained

animal bones, though some human remains lay close by. Later use of the chamber, at least for shelter, is suggested by a bone gaming die of early iron-age type and by Romano-British and medieval pottery. (?) Cairn is 40m long, with straight sides diverging slightly from a width of 10.2m at the W end to 17.8m at the E end, which curves inwards from square corners to form a funnel-shaped forecourt. GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project 2003 Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: E001895 RECORDED: 1977

STATUS Scheduled Monument GM009 , Site Cared for by the State 2034 , UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1559

CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 2431-4s, Associated with 3s, Associated with 76s GGATE000740, GGATE001481, GGATE001895 , GGATE001896 , GGATE001897 , GGATE001898 , GGATE001899 , GGATE001900 , GGATE001901 , GGATE001902 , GGATE001903 , GGATE004359

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 Article Powell T.G.E. (F.S.A) 1973 *Excavation of the Megalithic Chambered cairn at Dyffryn Arfudwy, Merioneth, Wales.*
 Article Roese H.E. 1982 *Some aspects of Topographical locations of Neolithic and Bronze age monuments in Wales - IV - Chambered Tombs and Burial Chambers.*
 Article Savory H.N. 1955 *A Corpus of Welsh Bronze Age Pottery*
 Article Ward J. 1915 *The Saint Nicholas Chambered Tumulus, Glamorgan. Part I*
 Article Ward J. 1916 *The St. Nicholas Chambered Tumulus, Glamorgan. Part II*
 Article Wheeler R.E.M 1921 *The St. Nicholas Chambered Tumulus, Glamorgan*
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 Document Cadw Cadw Scheduled Monument Record
 Report Ferrell, G. 1989 *Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area 1 78-89_01*
 Report Pearson, A F and Lewis, R 2003 *Prehistoric funerary and ritual sites. Blaenau Gwent, Caerphilly, Cardiff, Monmouthshire, Newport, Torfaen and the Vale of Glamorgan 1553 GGAT 72*
 Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 *Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012*
 01/MM Record Card/OS/1970/ST 07 SE 19
 02/PM Excavation Report/Ward S/1915/Arch Camb/p253
 03/PM List/RCAHM/1976/Glamorgan Invent/p36 no40
 04/MM Photo/GGAT/Lewis W/1979-80
 05/PM Desc Text/Savory HN/1973/*Illustrated Guide to the Ancient Monuments of Wales* p12
 06/PM List/Savory HN/1955/*Bull Board Celtic Stud/vol16 pt3 pp215-41*
 07/PH Desc Text/Arch Camb/1849/Vol4 No16 pp327-8
 08/PM Mention/GGAT/Robinson D/1980/*Cowbridge*/p8
 09/PM Desc Text/Savory HN/1949/*Tinkinswood and St Lythans Long Cairns*
 10/PM Desc Text/Cadw/Whittle E/1989/AM107
 11/MM Record Card/OS/1979/ST 07 SE 19
 11/Pm Desc Text/Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area/Access Archaeology/1989/SMR Report Archive
 12/PM Mention/Bernfield WK/1961-3/*Trans Cardiff Nat Soc vol91* p21
 13/PM Desc Text/Piggott S/1931/*Arch Journal vol88* p67
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 15/PM Desc Text/Wheeler REM/1921/*BBCS/volI ptI pp65-6*
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 17/PH Desc Text/1874/*Trans Cardiff Nat Soc volVI pp73-78*
 18/PM Desc Text/Grimes WF/1931-32/*Neath Ant Soc pp90,93*
 19/MM Photo/GGAT/Griffiths B/1983
 20/PM Mention/Powell TGE/1973/*Archaeologia vol104*
 21/MM Record Card/OS/1982/ST 07 SE 19
 22/PM List/RCAHM/1984/*Glamorgan Invent volII pp140-2*
 23/MM Photo/GGAT/1987
 Pm desc text/Evans EM/2003/GGAT 72 *Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project ARCHWILIO URL*
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT00374s>

PRN 00375s **NAME** St Nicholas' Church at St Nicholas **NGR** ST09027436 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE Medieval, Church, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY The church of St Nicholas is first mentioned between 1153 and 1183. It consists of nave, chancel, S aisle, W tower, S porch and vestry. An internal batter suggests an early date for some of the fabric, but the only surviving medieval details are Decorated and Perpendicular. The main Victorian restoration was in 1859-60.

DESCRIPTION The church of St Nicholas is first mentioned between 1153 and 1183 (Clark 1910, 133); there is

no evidence to suggest that it is a pre-Norman foundation. The churchyard is quadrangular and the churchyard cross does not survive. The church consists of nave; separate chancel; S aisle extending for part of the length of the nave and the whole length of the chancel; W tower with staircase in the thickness of the wall; S porch; and vestry against the N side of the E end of the nave and W end of the chancel. The vestry door appears to have been the door to the rood stair, of which no further traces remain. It is constructed from the local lias limestone; lias and sandstone were used for the dressings of the medieval openings and Bath stone for the Victorian restoration. The earliest part of the church appears to be the N wall of the nave and chancel; these would appear from the internal batter to predate the chancel and tower arches, which are late 13th century or early 14th century. The outer door of the porch, although of Victorian date as it is now, will if it copies the original, be of similar date; from the blocked window in its E wall (only the mullions and jambs of which seem to be original), the porch should predate the aisle. The other remaining features of medieval date are Perpendicular in style, the S window of the nave (now essentially all renewed but from Clark's accounts apparently faithful to the original: GTC and ROJ 1862, 97), its N windows, which are probably somewhat later, the lower rood stair door, the belfry and the arch into the S aisle, which Newman (1995, 568) dates to the 16th century. It seems likely that the S aisle may originally have been a transept, and that only later was it extended to the E so as to flank the chancel; the present arch between the aisle and chancel is Victorian, replacing a rude misshapen arch of no width, and without mouldings (Glynne 1901, 277). It would seem, however, that the aisle never extended further W where it would have encroached on the pre-existing porch. From Glynne's description of 1848 (Glynne 1901, 276-7), it is clear that there was post-medieval building work in the church. The N window of the chancel originally had a square head, and the aisle had ugly Italian windows (possibly Venetian windows like the E window at Llantrithyd) and, according to Clark, a door in the middle and a square-headed W window (GTC and ROJ 1862, 97). Glynne also notes under the description of the chancel an ugly [window] of Strawberry Hill Gothic at the west end, presumably destroyed when the present chancel was constructed. There was also a gallery (Jones and Williams 1976, 149). The post-medieval windows (apparently with the exception of the aisle W window) were replaced when the church was rebuilt in 1859-60, architect J Pritchard (Orrin 1988b, 397). The other work involved the repair of the nave windows, the provision of new E windows to the chancel and aisle, the rebuilding of the vestry, and the refitting of the interior. There are a number of post-medieval wall tablets (Shepherd 1934, 18-23), one in the form of an Ionic column and probably of 18th century date (Newman 1995, 568-9). The church retains a medieval font and its sanctus bell, but the other internal fittings are Victorian or later. Orrin (1988b, 396-7) notes five bells, two of 1717, one of 1870 and two of 1881. BIBLIOGRAPHY Published and printed Butler, L A S, 1971, Medieval ecclesiastical architecture in Glamorgan and Gower, in T B Pugh (ed), Glamorgan county history: Volume III, The Middle Ages, 379-415 (406) Crossley, F H, and Ridgway, M H, 1958, Screens, lofts and stalls situated in Wales and Monmouthshire. Part nine, Section XII: Glamorganshire, Archaeol Cambrensis 107, 72-108 (107) Glynne, S R, 1901, Notes on the older churches in the four Welsh dioceses: Diocese of Llandaff. Glamorgan Archaeol Cambrensis 6 ser 1, 224-78 (276-7) GTC and ROJ, 1862, Account of the parishes of St Nicholas and St Lythan, Co Glamorgan, Archaeol Cambrensis 3 ser 8, 92-201 Green, C A H, 1906-7, Notes on churches in the diocese of Llandaff, 126-7 Newman, J, 1995, The buildings of Wales: Glamorgan, 42, 91, 100, 569-70 Orrin, G, 1988b, Medieval churches of the Vale of Glamorgan, 392-8 Shepherd, C F, 1934, St Nicholas: A historical survey of a Glamorganshire parish Documentary and manuscript D/D V/62 nd St Nicholas: Drawing of porch P/45/4 1838 Tithe map P/45/CW/11 1876-77 Churchwardens' accounts - receipted bills P/45/CW/12 1925-49 PCC minutes P/45/CW/23 1949-60 PCC minutes P/45/CW/14 1800-23 Overseers' accounts, including vestry minutes 1800, 1810 P/45/CW/21 1824-78 Churchwardens' accounts NLW LL/F/783 1917 Faculty: Heating apparatus LL/F/785 1924 Faculty: Stained glass window NMR Kay (various) 1 ser II 231-3; 2 ser IV 780-1, 841-2 Evans 1998 GGAT 51 Historic Churches Project

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2004

STATUS listed building 13636 II*, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1033

CROSS REFERENCES Same as 4424 GGATE001386

SOURCES

Article Taylor G.A. 1935 The Vale of Glam

Online Resource The Handley Partnership HAAbase built heritage assessment system: Buildings at Risk database Report Evans, E M 1998 Glamorgan Historic Churches Survey: Churches in the Archdeaconry of Llandaff, Deanery of Penarth & Barry

Report Evans, E M 2003 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical sites in Southeast Wales: Desk based assessment 1317

Report Roberts, R. 2011 GGAT107: Medieval Ecclesiastical Sculpture in Glamorgan

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

01/MM Record Card/OS//1957/ST 07 SE/;

02/PM Map//Rees W/1932/S Wales & Border in C14/;

03/PH Desc Text//Clark GT/1862/Archaeol Cambrensis/Vol8 p96;

04/PM Illus/RCAHM//1980/Glam Invent/;

05/PM Desc Text//Brook PL & Wrathmell SP/1979/Archaeol in Wales/;

06/PM Desc Text/Summer Excav/Taylor GA/1935/Neath Antiq Soc/pp54-6

EM Evans (1998) GGAT 51/81 Welsh Historic Churches Survey: Glamorgan and Gwent

Evans EM, 2003-04, GGAT 73 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project

No85 ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT00375s>

PRN 00376s **NAME** Chambered Tomb, Tinkinswood **NGR** ST09267328 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE Neolithic, Chambered tomb, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY In the report on the 1915 excavations of the Tinkinswood long cairn, Ward noted that in four locations to the SE there were slabs of tabular mudstone set on edge or piled in such a way as to be impossible to explain geologically. Two, in the hedge line,

DESCRIPTION In the report on the 1915 excavations of the Tinkinswood long cairn, Ward noted that in four locations to the SE there were slabs of tabular mudstone set on edge or piled in such a way as to be impossible to explain geologically. Two, in the hedge line, may represent abandon stiles, but the remaining pair have been claimed as ruined burial chambers. These comprise: 1) a slab 0.5m thick and about 2.0m square rests on top of two smaller slabs, all roughly horizontal. 2) at ST09246/73293, is a slab 0.8m thick and about 3.2m long, tapering from 1.8m to 2.2m wide, lies inclined on a loose 0.5m thick and 1.2m square. This could have been moved 3m westward from two slabs in line, each about 2m long and 0.4m thick, of which one is set on edge. Adjacent to these two sites, centred at ST09325/73304, is an area from which the same tabular mudstone has been removed, where is occurred in a surface layer. The date of quarrying is uncertain, and there may be no relevance to the erection of the neighbouring megalithic structures. Dimensions: Dimensions not known. 1976) In four places to the S.E. of the chambered long cairn (40) there are slabs of tabular mudstone set on edge or piled up in a way that is impossible to explain geologically. (J Ward in report on excavation of long cairn, quoting the opinion of FJ North Arch. Camb. 1915, p255, with map.) Two of these, in the hedge line immediately south of cairn, may be abandoned stiles, but the other two, in fields adjacent on the south and south-east have been claimed as ruined burial chambers. The evidence is insufficient without excavation. 1) A slab 0.5m thick and about 2.0m square rests on top of two smaller slabs, all roughly horizontal. 2) A slab 0.8m thick and about 3.2m long, tapering from 1.8m to 2.2m wide, lies inclined on a loose 0.5m thick and 1.2m square. This could have been moved 3m westward from two slabs in line, each about 2m long and 0.4m thick, of which one is set on edge. Adjacent to these two sites, centred at 09327330, is an area from which the same tabular mudstone has been removed, where is occurred in a surface layer. The date of quarrying is uncertain, and there may be no relevance to the erection of the neighbouring megalithic structures. (?) A capstone measuring some 2.8m x 2.4m x 0.5m resting on two similar slat stones of slightly smaller dimensions, which are probably tumbled orthostats. Adjoining, to the NW, is a mound 1.0m high, containing more large stones, probably further remains of the chamber. GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project 2003

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1977

STATUS Scheduled Monument GM009

CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 2431-4s, Associated with 374s GGATE000741, GGATE001481, GGATE004359

SOURCES

Article North. FJ. 1968 Geology's contribution to archeology in Glamorgan.

Article Powell T.G.E. (F.S.A) 1973 Excavation of the Megalithic Chambered cairn at Dyffryn Arfudwy, Merioneth, Wales.

Article Roesse H.E. 1982 Some aspects of Topographical locations of Neolithic and Bronze age monuments in Wales - IV - Chambered Tombs and Burial Chambers.

Article Ward J. 1915 The Saint Nicholas Chambered Tumulus, Glamorgan. Part I

Article Ward J. 1916 The St. Nicholas Chambered Tumulus, Glamorgan. Part II

Report Ferrell, G. 1989 Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area 1 78-89_01

01/MM Record Card/OS/1957/ST 07 SE 17

02/PM List/RCAHM/1976/Glamorgan Invent/p40 No46

03/PM Desc Text/1915/Arch Camb/pp253-320

04/PM Desc Text/1916/Arch Camb/pp259-94

05/PM Desc Text/NMW/Sorrell A/1980/Early Wales Recreated

06/MM Record Card/OS/1973/ST 07 SE

07/PM Desc Text/MoW/Savory HN/1949/The Tinkinswood and St Lythams Long Cairns

08/PM Desc Text/Grimes WF/1931-2/Neath Ant Soc/pp90-3

09/PM Mention/GGAT/Robinson D/1980/Cowbridge/p8

10/PM Mention/Powell TGE/1973/Archaeologia vol104

11/MM Record Card/OS/1982/ST 07 SE 17

12/PM Mention/Ashbee P/1966/Archaeologia vol100

13/PM Desc Text/Cadw/Whittle E/1986/AM107

14/MM Desc Text/Neo & Lithis Studies Group/Green HS/1988/Flint & Stone in Neolithic Britain

15/MM Photo/GGAT/1989

16/Pm Desc Text/Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston Area and St Nicholas Area/Access

Archaeology/1989/GGAT SMR Report Archive

Pm desc text/Evans EM/2003/GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project **ARCHWILIO URL**

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00376s>

PRN 00380s NAME *Inhumation* NGR *ST08007177* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*
TYPE *Unknown, Inhumation*, RANK: 1
SUMMARY *No new description. Dimensions not known.*

DESCRIPTION *No new description. Dimensions: Dimensions not known. (1862) Marginal. About 1850, in a field of some 65 acres called Whitton Mawr, some men employed in draining came upon a square patch of black soil, in strong contrast to the antural yellow earth which covers the lias. It contained a large number of skulls and other human bones belonging to men in the prime of life; their presence was explained by the Rev. JM Traherne. Who ascertained that after the battle of St Fagans in may 1648, the remnant of the routed royalists made for Fonmon Castle, but on the way where overtaken on the north side of Llancarvan, where a second combat took place, of which this balck soil and the bones are the remains. The field touches on Llancarvan parish, and is in the direct line of route. The skulls after exmination were replaced in the soil. (See also ST07 SE 22, 23, 25 for inhumtion burials.) (1953) Area centred ST 0800 7177. Perimeter of field Whitton Mawr extracted from OS 25" of 1900 - acreage 72.687. Ground perambulation and local enquiry revealed no additional information. The field was under plough, and the patch of black soil reffered to in the above could not be locacted. GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project 2003*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1977*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

01/MM Record Card/OS//1957/ST 07 SE 24/;
02/PH Note///1862/Archaeol Cambrensis/p100
Pm desc text/Evans EM/2003/GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00380s>

PRN 00389s NAME *Ffynnon Dyfrig* NGR *ST06427179* COMMUNITY *Llancarfan*
TYPE *Medieval, Holy well*, RANK: 1

SUMMARY *In Llanvithyn parish: a healing spring Ffynnon Dyfri (Jones 1952 181: Ffynnon Dyfrig no.1); Fynnon Dyfry in Coed Ffynnon Dyfrig, near Carnllwyd, Llancarfan parish (Jones 1952 181: Ffynnon Dyfrig no.2).*

DESCRIPTION *In Llanvithyn parish: a healing spring Ffynnon Dyfri (Jones 1952 181: Ffynnon Dyfrig no.1); Fynnon Dyfry in Coed Ffynnon Dyfrig, near Carnllwyd, Llancarfan parish (Jones 1952 181: Ffynnon Dyfrig no.2). These must be duplicates; Llanfythin is part of Llancarfan, not a parish in its own right. Jones's Class A wells (wells bearing the names of saints. Trinity, God, Holy Innocents, Easter). The spring issues from a small cutting in the N face of the hill. There was evidently a small stone structure around or over the site (OS card ST 07 SE 32). PRN 1557s is a duplicate entry with a less precise NGR Evans 2003: GGAT 73 Early-Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project database The spring issues from a small cutting in the N face of the hill. There was evidently a small stone structure around or over the site. The only masonry intact is on the W side of the well, and consists of a rubble wall, 1.5m long (N-S), 0.5m thick and 0.4m high. There is a large quantity of loose stone slabs and, small boulders scattered about the site, but none of the stones is ornamental in any way. There is no visible indication of the date of the structure (OS card ST 07 SE 32).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: E003240 RECORDED: 2004*

STATUS *SSSI*

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 307716 GGATE003240*

SOURCES

Book Jones, F 1954 The Holy wells of Wales GG.9121.JON
Report Roberts, R. 2011 Medieval and Post-Medieval Holy wells in Glamorgan and Gwent 2898
01/MM Record Card/OS//1957/ST 07 SE 32/;
02/PM Desc Text//Jones F/1954/Holy wells of Wales/p181;
03/PM Desc Text//Aubery S/1957/Llancarfan/p18;
04/PM Mention//S Glam County Council//Co Treasures Survey/
05/PM List//NCC/1981/Stat Sites Natur Parks 1949/
Evans EM, 2003-04, GGAT 73 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project
Llancarfan No37; ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00389s>

PRN 00643s NAME *Bonvilston* NGR *ST0674* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*
TYPE *Roman, Coin hoard*, RANK: 1

SUMMARY A hoard of silver coins were found at Bonvilston. It included 2 Vespasian, 2 Nerva, 8 Trajan, 9 Hadrian and 1 Sabina, which are now at the NMW.

DESCRIPTION A hoard of silver coins were found at Bonvilston. It included 2 Vespasian, 2 Nerva, 8 Trajan, 9 Hadrian and 1 Sabina, which are now at the NMW.

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1978

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE001657

SOURCES

Report Evans, E M 2001 Romano-British southeast Wales settlement survey: Final report 726

01/MM Record Card/OS//1974/ST 07 SE 39/;

02/PM Desc Text//Nash-Williams VE/1927-29/Bull Board Celtic Stud/4

p255 **ARCHWILIO URL**

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT00643s>

PRN 00696s **NAME** Bonvilston **NGR** ST07067336 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE Medieval, Ringwork, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY Oval ringwork surrounded by a bank 10ft above the wet ditch, and associated earthworks, possibly a bailey or burgus. The OS record card notes that the earthwork has been rejected as a castle site. The same source describes the site as a tree-covered oval feature and that a fragment of bank lies to the south-east. The most recent (1982) RCAHM survey of the site records the earthwork as a ringwork of squarish-oval plan situated on low-lying ground on the north bank of a stream. It measures 66.6m north-west to south-east, by 58m transversely. The rampart, of earth and stone, is 0.8m wide, and averages 0.6m in height internally, but rises from 1.7m to 2m above the wet outer ditch. The ditch is 6m wide, by 0.6m deep. The entrance is at the south-east end. The site may be the 'castle' of Simon Bonville.

DESCRIPTION Oval ringwork surrounded by a bank 10ft above the wet ditch, and associated earthworks, possibly a bailey or burgus. The OS record card notes that the earthwork has been rejected as a castle site. The same source describes the site as a tree-covered oval feature and that a fragment of bank lies to the south-east. The most recent (1982) RCAHM survey of the site records the earthwork as a ringwork of squarish-oval plan situated on low-lying ground on the north bank of a stream. It measures 66.6m north-west to south-east, by 58m transversely. The rampart, of earth and stone, is 0.8m wide, and averages 0.6m in height internally, but rises from 1.7m to 2m above the wet outer ditch. The ditch is 6m wide, by 0.6m deep. The entrance is at the south-east end. The site may be the 'castle' of Simon Bonville.

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2004

STATUS Scheduled Monument GM613

CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 03830s, Same as 227997 GGATE001481, GGATE002610, GGATE002611

SOURCES

Report Ferrell, G. 1989 Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area 1 78-89_01

Report Zienkiewicz, L. 2001 Tyn y Coed Farm, Bonvilston, Cardiff. Tir Gofal HE 2 Farm Visit Report 2121 HER Search Room

01/PM desc text/RCAHM//1991/Invent III 1b/CR2

02/PH Desc Text///1868/p.43,55-7,354,367;

03/PM Desc Text///1966-7/Welsh Hist.Rev/3,p.36;

04/PM List//Pierce G.O/1968/Place names of Dinas Powys Hundred/;

05/MM Record Card/OS//1978/ST 07 SE/;

06/MM Air Photo/OS//12.7.69/69-34/-055-6;

07/PM Desc Text//Hogg & King//1970/Archaeol Cambrensis Vol.119p.122

08/PM Desc Text//Spurgeon & Thomas//1980/Archaeol in Wales/No.58;

09/MM Record Card/OS//1981/ST 07 SE 42;

10/MM Record Card/OS//6.4.82/ST 07 SE 42

11/Pm Desc Text/Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area/Access Archaeology/1989/GGAT SMR Report Archive

12/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S15001591

13/Pm desc text/Merrick R/1983/Morganiae Archaiographia/South Wales Record Society/p.64,138

Evans EM, 2003-04, GGAT 73 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project **ARCHWILIO URL**

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT00696s>

PRN 00697s NAME *LIEGE CASTLE* NGR *ST045734* COMMUNITY *Llancarfan*

TYPE *Medieval, Deserted rural settlement*, RANK: 1

SUMMARY *In1700 the hamlet possessed 12 houses with 56 inhabitants. It is now represented by three 17th century farmhouses.*

DESCRIPTION *In1700 the hamlet possessed 12 houses with 56 inhabitants. It is now represented by three 17th century farmhouses.*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED* DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED:

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

01/PM List//RCAHM//1979/Glam.Invent/forthcoming

02/MM Photo/GGAT/Lewis/W/1979.1980//

03/PM Mention//RCAHM//1982/Glam Invent/Vol 3 pt 2 o 243 ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00697s>

PRN 00700s NAME *Village Farmhouse* NGR *ST06747406* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, House*, RANK: 1

SUMMARY *Estimated that main part of property is 17th century. It has one of the largest central stone fireplaces in the Vale. Also has a curved stone staircase.*

DESCRIPTION *Estimated that main part of property is 17th century. It has one of the largest central stone fireplaces in the Vale. Also has a curved stone staircase.*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED* DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1979

STATUS *listed building 16321 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1025*

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 18411*

SOURCES

Online Resource Cadw Listed Buildings Description

Online Resource The Handley Partnership HAAbase built heritage assessment system: Buildings at Risk database Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

01/PM Article//21.2.78/Western Mail/;

02/PM Article/RCHM/Western Mail//07.03.1981/;

03/MM Note/RCHM//1982//;

04/MM Note/RCHM//1982//Plan ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00700s>

PRN 00798s NAME *GREENDOWN GRANGE* NGR *ST07067336* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Medieval, Grange*, RANK: 1

SUMMARY *Greendown Grange belonged to Margam, and is associated with Bonvilston, where the monks took over a manorialised vill and continued to work it without turning it into a grange proper.*

DESCRIPTION *Greendown Grange (Williams 2001, 306 no.102) belonged to Margam, and is associated with Bonvilston, where the monks took over a manorialised vill and continued to work it without turning it into a grange proper. Nothing remains to indicate the site of the grange; Greendown farm is at 06157250, but two neighbouring localities worth consideration are:- Possible chapel and graveyard marked by Rees and OS at 05667297 with rectangular grass-grown platform, with graveyard enclosure ditch noted in mid 20th century as a ditch partly enclosing the area to the S of the platform. Wood extending eastwards from ringwork at ST07067336, formerly called Coed yr Abad. Evans 2003: GGAT 73 Early-Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project database*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED* DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2004

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - *GGATE001386, GGATE002610, GGATE002611*

SOURCES

Book RCAHMW 1982 An Inventory of the Ancient Monuments in Glamorgan

Book Williams, D H 2001 The Welsh Cistercians

Report Evans, E M 2003 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical sites in Southeast Wales: Desk based assessment 1317

Report Zienkiewicz, L. 2001 Tyn y Coed Farm, Bonvilston, Cardiff. Tir Gofal HE 2 Farm Visit Report 2121 HER Search Room

01/PM Desc Text/RCAHMW//1978/Monastic Granges/;

02/MM Record Card/OS//1981/ST 07 SE 42/;

03/PM Desc Text/RCHM//1982/Glam Invent Vol.3 Pt.2 p.293-4

04/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S15001591

Evans EM, 2003-04, GGAT 73 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00798s>

PRN 00932s NAME *House* NGR *ST085738* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, House*, RANK: *1*

SUMMARY *Massive dry stone walling extending for 20ft in places traced in an area of many mounds, banks & hollows. Suggested as a post Med farm but marginal*

DESCRIPTION *Massive dry stone walling extending for 20ft in places traced in an area of many mounds, banks & hollows. Suggested as a post Med farm but marginal*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED* DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: *1980*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

01/MM Record Card/OS//1978/ST 07 SE 41/;

02/PM Mention/CBA/Ackerman J.B/1963/Archaeol in Wales/No3p.16item60;

03/MM Record Card/OS//08.04.82/ST 07 SE 41/ ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00932s>

PRN 00933s NAME *House* NGR *ST058717* COMMUNITY *Llancarfan*

TYPE *Medieval, House*, RANK: *1*

SUMMARY *An intensive search of the area revealed no remains of significance. The few platforms found are either natural, or associated with clay pits.*

DESCRIPTION *An intensive search of the area revealed no remains of significance. The few platforms found are either natural, or associated with clay pits.*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED* DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED:

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 15239*

SOURCES

01/MM Record Card/OS///1978/ST 07 SE/

02/PM Mention/Co Treasurers Survey/Co of S Glam///Llancarfan/No 36

03/MM Record Card/OS//16.4.82/ST 07 SE 43/

04/PM Mention//PCAHM//1982/Glam Invent/Vol 3 Part 2 p59

05/MM Record Card/OS//RCAHM/2.9.80/ST 07 SE 43/ ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00933s>

PRN 00934s NAME *St Nicholas Chambered Tomb* NGR *ST06287331* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Bronze Age, Chambered tomb*, RANK: *1*

SUMMARY *A fine example of a portal dolmen funerary monument. The dolmen is a large conglomerate of the same lithology as PRN 3s and is currently situated in the corner of a pasture field between two mature trees. The S tree has been uprooted and has exposed a surface of stone cobbles.*

DESCRIPTION *A fine example of a portal dolmen funerary monument. The dolmen is a large conglomerate of the same lithology as PRN 3s and is currently situated in the corner of a pasture field between two mature trees. The S tree has been uprooted and has exposed a surface of stone cobbles. The capstone is quite large (4.3m x 2.2m*

x 0.5m) and is resting on the ground to the E and on a much smaller rectangular stone to the W, giving the capstone a 20 degree tilt to the E. The dolmen is situated on a slight mound; no ditch or kerbstones were visible. Dimensions: dia; 4.3m E-W x 2.2m N-S, hght; 0.2m E x 1m W (1978) A standing stone near Cottrell, St Nicholas. GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project 2003

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1980

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Article Roesse H.E. 1982 *Some aspects of Topographical locations of Neolithic and Bronze age monuments in Wales - IV - Chambered Tombs and Burial Chambers.*

01/MM Record Card/OS//1978/ST 07 SE/

Pm desc text/Evans EM/2003/GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT00934s>

PRN 01434s **NAME** *Hearth at Whitton* **NGR** ST083719 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Roman, Hearth, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Iron clinker, Roman sherds and tile fragments found. Possible smelting hearth. In fields to NW & W late Roman sherds & coins found.*

DESCRIPTION *Iron clinker, Roman sherds and tile fragments found. Possible smelting hearth. In fields to NW & W late Roman sherds & coins found. Roman sherds PRN 3039s*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1981

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES *Associated with 3039s GGATE001657*

SOURCES

Article Thomas H. 1958 *Roman Discoveries in the Vale of Glamorgan*

Report Evans, E M 2001 *Romano-British southeast Wales settlement survey: Final report 726*

01/PM Desc Text//Thomas H/1958/Bull Board Celtic Stud/Vol.17 p.92-6 ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT01434s>

PRN 01439s **NAME** *House* **NGR** ST09017435 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Almshouse, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Post medieval, possible medieval almshouse.*

DESCRIPTION *Post medieval, possible medieval almshouse.*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1981

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

01/PH List//Carlisle N/1811/Topo Dict of Wales/Nicholas Street ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT01439s>

PRN 01495s **NAME** *WHITEWELL* **NGR** -, ST06097281 **COMMUNITY** *Llancarfan*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, House, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Whitewell. A regional house with a gable chimney, and a central chimney backing on to the entry.*

DESCRIPTION *Whitewell. A regional house with a gable chimney, and a central chimney backing on to the entry.*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1981

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 28027*

SOURCES

Report Zienkiewicz, L 2001 Tyn y Coed Farm, Bonvilston, Cardiff CF5 6TQ: Tir Gofal HE2 Farm Visit Report S_15_001591

01/MM Record Card/OS//1979/ST 07 SE 52/;

02/PM Desc Text/RCHM/Smith P/Houses Welsh Countryside/p.453,461;

04/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S15001591

maps 29 & 30 ARCHWILIO URL

, <https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT01495s>

PRN 01496s NAME Church Cottage **NGR** ST06427398 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston
TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, House, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY Church Cottage. A regional house with an internal chimney and lobby-entry.

DESCRIPTION Church Cottage. A regional house with an internal chimney and lobby-entry. Currently restored, key features of the potentially 17th century lobby-entry end chimney style 'Church Cottage' include hollow stops with fillet on ceiling timbers, cross-corner stone stairs without outshut and a thatch roof covering (RCAHMW 1988; Vale of Glamorgan 2007).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1981

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1990

STATUS UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 2484

CROSS REFERENCES Same as 18309

SOURCES

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

01/MM Record Card/OS//1979/ST 07 SE 51/;

02/PM Desc Text/RCHM/Smith P/1975/Houses Welsh Countryside/p.459,475 ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT01496s>

PRN 01497s NAME Hill Farmhouse **NGR** -, ST08457423 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston
TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Farmhouse, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY Hill Farm. A regional house with the chimney backing on to the entry, and an outside cross-passage.

DESCRIPTION Hill Farm. A regional house with the chimney backing on to the entry, and an outside cross-passage.

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1981

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES Same as 20104

SOURCES

01/MM Record Card/OS//1979/ST 07 SE 50/;

02/PM Desc Text/RCHM/Smith P/1975/Houses of Welsh Countryside/p.452;

476 ARCHWILIO URL

, <https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT01497s>

PRN 01975s NAME Three Tuns **NGR** ST09177433 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston
TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Magistrates court, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY Built in the later years of Queen Elizabeth 1st reign as a magistrates court. Long ridge of thatch/distinct gables. Vaulted cellar. Now a private residence.

DESCRIPTION Built in the later years of Queen Elizabeth 1st reign as a magistrates court. Long ridge of thatch/distinct gables. Vaulted cellar. Later an inn which was closed by Mr Cory, because he decided that drink was bad for the good folk of St. Nicholas. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1986

STATUS *listed building 13637 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1034*
CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 20049*

SOURCES

Online Resource Cadw Listed Buildings Description
Online Resource The Handley Partnership HAAbase built heritage assessment system: Buildings at Risk database Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012
01/MM Record Sheet/OS//1986/ST 07 SE/ ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT01975s>

PRN 02056s **NAME** *Church Cottage* **NGR** ST06427398 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*
TYPE , , **RANK:** -
SUMMARY *Duplicate of 01496s*

DESCRIPTION *Duplicate of 01496s*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED:*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

01/pm desc text/RCAHM//1988/Invent IV 2/p571 no165 C9 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT02056s>

PRN 02057s **NAME** *Ty Mawr* **NGR** ST0646773980 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*
TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, House, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Key features of the Grade II Listed early 19th century, two storeyed'Ty Mawr' include notable beams, central stairs, stairs in a rear projection (RCAHMW 1988), a slated valley roof, stuccoed elevations, four gable end rendered stacks, a front elevation of three bays, a front portico on Ionic pillars and a flat entablature, and dressed stone obelisk bollards to front with decorative chain link (Vale of Glamorgan 2007).*

DESCRIPTION *Key features of the Grade II Listed early 19th century, two storeyed'Ty Mawr' include notable beams, central stairs, stairs in a rear projection (RCAHMW 1988), a slated valley roof, stuccoed elevations, four gable end rendered stacks, a front elevation of three bays, a front portico on Ionic pillars and a flat entablature, and dressed stone obelisk bollards to front with decorative chain link (Vale of Glamorgan 2007).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1990*

STATUS *listed building 13603 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1468*

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 18843 GGATE003638*

SOURCES

Online Resource The Handley Partnership HAAbase built heritage assessment system: Buildings at Risk database Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012
01/pm desc text/RCAHM//1988/Invent IV 2/p609 no1019 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT02057s>

PRN 02058s **NAME** *Pencarreg* **NGR** -, ST06187297 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*
TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, House, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Key features of Pencarreg, a direct entry, end chimney house include its gable-entry stone stairs without an outshut (RCAHMW 1988).*

DESCRIPTION *Key features of Pencarreg, a direct entry, end chimney house include its gable-entry stone stairs without an outshut (RCAHMW 1988).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1990*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 19617*

SOURCES

01/pm desc text/RCAHM//1988/Invent IV 2/p598 no763

02/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S15001591 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT02058s>

PRN 02234s NAME *Liege Castle Moated site, Llancarfan* NGR ST05407342 COMMUNITY *Llancarfan*
TYPE *Medieval, Moat, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Damaged bank and ditch remains of a small moated site, probably a house, located within a hillfort known as Castell Moel (PRN 359s). It was probably built by the Norris family of Penllyn Castle, perhaps as early as the 13th century.*

DESCRIPTION *Remains of a small moated site, probably a house rather than a castle as the name would otherwise suggest, located within a hillfort known as Castell Moel (PRN 359s). The principal remains consist of a strong bank and ditch, about 15m wide by 3m high with traces of a counterscarp bank in places, forming three sides of a rectangle about 25m across. From the north-east corner, a slightly larger rampart with its ditch almost silted up extends south-east for about 30m in a slight curve. Slighter banks extend all these features for about 18m further south. The site was probably built by the Norris family of Penllyn Castle, perhaps as early as the 13th century. Liege Castle was a sub-manor of Bonvilston, which was itself a sub-manor of Wenvoe. As a subordinate residence, its main function was presumably as the centre for the administration of the sub-manor, possibly housing a steward. A small hamlet grew up around the site, probably on the south-east side in the vicinity of the present Liege Castle Farm. Originally given SAM No GM398 in error (correct SAM No is the same as Castell Moel hillfort, whose name has been used in the scheduling of this feature also).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1992*

STATUS *Scheduled Monument GM298*

CROSS REFERENCES *Associated with 359S*

SOURCES

Article *Spurgeon C.J. & Thomas H.S. 1978 Medieval Glamorgan: An interim report on recent fieldwork*

01/pm desc text/RCAHM//1982/Invent III 2/MS8

02/pm mention/RCAHM//1976/Invent I 2/no638 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT02234s>

PRN 02256s NAME *St Nicholas' Church Hall* NGR ST0902774200 COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Church hall, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Key features of the single storey hall/ two storey tower'd St Nicholas' Church hall include its Arts and Crafts Style, and is thought to be in the style of G.Halliday and function as the office of William Frame (Vale of Glamorgan 2007).*

DESCRIPTION *Key features of the single storey hall/ two storey tower'd St Nicholas' Church hall include its Arts and Crafts Style, and is thought to be in the style of G.Halliday and function as the office of William Frame(Vale of Glamorgan 2007).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1992*

STATUS *listed building 13463 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1028*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Online Resource *The Handley Partnership HAAbase built heritage assessment system: Buildings at Risk database Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012*

01/mm desc text/CADW//1992/Listed building list/ ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT02256s>

PRN 02349s NAME *LLANCARFAN* NGR ST05407302 COMMUNITY *Llancarfan*

TYPE *Medieval, Findspot, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *On the site of the Post Office and along the stream bank, pottery of C13th-C14th together with food refuse. No structural remains.*

DESCRIPTION *On the site of the Post Office and along the stream bank, pottery of C13th-C14th together with food refuse. No structural remains. Thaw Valley Project (Graves-Brown 1997)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1995

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE006336

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P 1997 River Thaw Valley Project 1267

01/PM Note/Dowdell G/1965/Arch in Wales no57 p18 **ARCHWILIO URL**

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT02349s>

PRN 02431s **NAME** *Quarry, Tinkinswood* **NGR** *ST09327330* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*
TYPE *Unknown, Quarry, RANK: 1*
SUMMARY *'The Quarry', sometimes explained as the source of the stones used in the megaliths (374S, 376S, 2432-4S).*

DESCRIPTION *'The Quarry', sometimes explained as the source of the stones used in the megaliths (374S, 376S, 2432-4S).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1996

STATUS *Scheduled Monument GM009*

CROSS REFERENCES *Associated with 2432-4S, Associated with 374S, Associated with 376S*

SOURCES

01/MM Record Card/OS/1957/ST 07 SE 17 **ARCHWILIO URL**

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT02431s>

PRN 02432s **NAME** *Chambered Tomb, Tinkinswood* **NGR** *ST0933373286* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Neolithic, Chambered tomb, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *The remains of a chambered tomb, lying a short distance SE of the Tinkinswood long cairn. The monument comprises a capstone 4.8m x 2.8m x 0.5m, resting on what is probably a recumbent orthostat. The stones rest on a substantial, approximately circular grassed mound.*

DESCRIPTION *The remains of a chambered tomb, lying a short distance SE of the Tinkinswood long cairn. The monument comprises a capstone 4.8m x 2.8m x 0.5m, resting on what is probably a recumbent orthostat. The stones rest on a substantial, approximately circular grassed mound, in which the tops of three more large stones (also probably orthostats) are visible. Dimensions: Dimensions not known. (1957) A capstone 4.8m x 2.8m x 0.5m resting on what is probably a recumbent orthostat. Immediately to the SE is a mound, 8.0m in diameter and 0.9m high, in which the tops of three stones, probably orthostats, are visible. GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project 2003*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1996

STATUS *Scheduled Monument GM009*

CROSS REFERENCES *Associated with 2431-4s, Associated with 374s, Associated with 376s GGATE004359*

SOURCES

Article North. FJ. 1968 Geology's contribution to archeology in Glamorgan.

01/MM Record Card/OS/1957/ST 07 SE 17

Pm desc text/Evans EM/2003/GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project **ARCHWILIO URL**

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT02432s>

PRN 02433s **NAME** *Standing Stone, Tinkinswood* **NGR** *ST09277327* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Unknown, Standing stone, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Although included within SAM Gm 9 (Tinkinswood Chambered Long cairn and associated features) this standing stone is not described by RCAHMW 1976. It was recorded by OS fieldworkers in 1957 as being about 7ft wide and 4ft high, set vertically in the ground.*

DESCRIPTION Although included within SAM Gm 9 (Tinkinswood Chambered Long cairn and associated features) this standing stone is not described by RCAHMW 1976. It was recorded by OS fieldworkers in 1957 as being about 7ft wide and 4ft high, set vertically in the ground. The coordinates cited by the OS would place this large stone within an open pasture field to the SE of the long cairn. However, although there are outcrops of tabular stone protruding from the turf within this part of the field, there is nothing that resembles a standing stone. Dimensions: Dimensions not known. (1957) A large slab about 7ft wide and 4ft high, set vertically in the ground. GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project 2003

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1996

STATUS Scheduled Monument GM009

CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 2431-4s, Associated with 374s, Associated with 376s

SOURCES

01/MM Record Card/OS/1957/ST 07 SE 17

Pm desc text/Evans EM/2003/GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT02433s>

PRN 02434s NAME Standing Stones, Tinkinswood NGR ST0924973283 COMMUNITY St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE Unknown, Standing stone, RANK: 1

SUMMARY Two stones placed parallel to each other, each 1.2m high, 1.2m wide and 0.3m thick, separated by a distance of 0.4m. The stones straddle the fenceline between the enclosure for the Tinkinswood long cairn and the farmland to the S.

DESCRIPTION Two stones placed parallel to each other, each 1.2m high, 1.2m wide and 0.3m thick, separated by a distance of 0.4m. The stones straddle the fenceline between the enclosure for the Tinkinswood long cairn and the farmland to the S. It is not clear whether these standing stones have an ancient origin, although their close proximity to other prehistoric monuments does increase the likelihood of this being the case. Dimensions: height 1.2m; width 1.2m; thick 0.3m (1995) Two stones placed parallel to one another, each 1.2m high, 1.2m wide and 0.3m thick, and 0.4m apart from each other. GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project 2003

CONDITION

CONDITION: Damaged DESCRIPTION: RELATED EVENT: E001824 RECORDED: 2010

STATUS Scheduled Monument GM009

CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 2431-3s, Associated with 374s, Associated with 376s GGATE001824, GGATE001825

SOURCES

Report Pearson, A F and Lewis, R 2003 Prehistoric funerary and ritual sites. Blaenau Gwent, Caerphilly, Cardiff, Monmouthshire, Newport, Torfaen and the Vale of Glamorgan 1553 GGAT 72

01/MM Record Card/OS/1957/ST 07 SE 17

Pm desc text/Evans EM/2003/GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT02434s>

PRN 02470s NAME Walterston Farm earthwork NGR ST06827118 COMMUNITY Llancafan

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Enclosure, RANK: 1

SUMMARY Thaw Valley Survey; ASS 24 ringwork, pottery and pm lime kiln, Walterston Farm assessment, 1994, 1995. Four phases have been identified in the 1995 watching brief which date between the 12th and 19th century.

DESCRIPTION Thaw Valley Survey; ASS 24 ringwork, pottery and pm lime kiln, Walterston Farm assessment, 1994, 1995. A watching brief in 1995 identified four periods for the enclosure. Phase one original enclosure and ditch thought to date to 12th to 13th century. Phase two saw the alliteration of the defences perhaps in the late 13th century. Phase three a drain was inserted into the top of the western ditch and a lime kiln was added to the enclosure and this phase is dated to 16th to 17th century. Phase four saw the demolition of the lime kiln and is dated possible to the 18th century (Ponsford 1995). A multivallate earthwork with close set banks forming a semi or sub-circular shape. The most intact central bank measured approximately 38m in length east to west and was 7.5m wide and 1m high. A second less well defined bank, to the south of the central bank, measured approximately 32m in length east to west and was 6m wide and 0.20m high, almost marking the edge of a plateau, the land to the south of this second bank drops away to the spring/stream below. A third bank to the north of the central bank, measured 9.60m wide and 1.35m high its length was not determined as it was overgrown by a copse of trees and shrubs. The west end of this third bank appeared to have been damaged, possibly having been cut through or eroded by farm machinery given its close proximity to the cow barn. A sketch was drawn. A large amount of rough stone blocks

were observed close to the earthworks which it was felt might suggest later medieval use or re-use. (Gerrard, Wiggins and Evans 2006) During an archaeological watching brief undertaken in 2010, no archaeological features associated with the Early medieval located to the east of the proposed new development were encountered, which possibly indicates that the focus of the occupation was to the west and within the ringwork (Robic 2010). An archaeological evaluation on the site identified two main periods of occupation due to the recovery of 12th century pottery sherds and evidence of a lime-kiln appearing to date to the 16th and 17th century (Ponsford and Jackson 1994). Thaw Valley Project (Graves-Brown 1997)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: E001576 RECORDED: 2006

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE001551, GGATE001576, GGATE003315, GGATE004304, GGATE004319, GGATE006336

SOURCES

Report Gerrard, C. Wiggins, H. and Evans, E. 2006 Prehistoric defended enclosures in Glamorgan with recommendations for fieldwork: Year 3 report 2619

Report Graves-Brown, P 1997 River Thaw Valley Project 1267

Report Ponsford, M. W. 1995 Watching Brief at Scheduled Ancient Monument 251, Walterston Farm, Nr. Barry, Vale of Glamorgan 348 95_02

Report Ponsford, M. W. and Jackson, R.G 1994 An Evaluation at Scheduled Ancient Monument 251, Walterston Farm, NR. Barry, Vale of Glamorgan 148 94_01

Report Robic, J.Y. 2010 Archaeological Evaluation at Walterston Farm, Llancarfan, Vale of Glamorgan 2926 2011_04

/PM/desc text/Graves-Brown, P.M./1997/Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT

/PM/desc text/Ponsford, M.W. and Jackson, R.G./1994/An Evaluation at Scheduled Ancient Monument 251,

Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT02470s>

PRN 02565s NAME Lime Kiln NGR ST05807220 COMMUNITY Llancarfan

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Lime kiln, RANK: 1

SUMMARY Thaw Valley Survey; OS 10 lime kiln

DESCRIPTION Thaw Valley Survey; OS 10 lime kiln Thaw Valley Project (Graves-Brown 1997)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1997

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE006336

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P 1997 River Thaw Valley Project 1267

/PM/desc text/Graves-Brown, P.M./1997/Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT

/PM/map/Ordnance SURVEY/I: 10 000

Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT02565s>

PRN 02617s NAME Lime Kiln NGR ST06207290 COMMUNITY St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Lime kiln, RANK: 1

SUMMARY Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 50 lime kiln sheet 46.6

DESCRIPTION Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 50 lime kiln sheet 46.6 Thaw Valley Project (Graves-Brown 1997)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1997

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE006336

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P 1997 River Thaw Valley Project 1267

/PM/desc text/Graves-Brown, P.M./1997/Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT

/PM/map/Ordnance SURVEY FIRST EDITION 25 "/sheet 46.6

Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT02617s>

PRN 02618s NAME *Lime Kiln, St. Nicholas and Bonvilston* NGR *ST06207320* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Lime kiln, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 51 lime kiln sheet 46.6*

DESCRIPTION *Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 51 lime kiln sheet 46.6 Thaw Valley Project (Graves-Brown 1997)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1997*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - *GGATE006336*

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P 1997 River Thaw Valley Project 1267

01/PM/desc text/Graves-Brown, P.M./1997/Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT

02/PM/map/Ordnance SURVEY FIRST EDITION 25 "//sheet 46.6

03/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S15001591 ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT02618s>

PRN 02619s NAME *Lime Kiln* NGR *ST06207340* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Lime kiln, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 52 lime kiln sheet 46.6*

DESCRIPTION *Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 52 lime kiln sheet 46.6 Thaw Valley Project (Graves-Brown 1997)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1997*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - *GGATE006336*

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P 1997 River Thaw Valley Project 1267

/PM/desc text/Graves-Brown, P.M./1997/Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT

/PM/map/Ordnance SURVEY FIRST EDITION 25 "//sheet 46.6

03/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S15001591 ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT02619s>

PRN 02620s NAME *Lime Kiln* NGR *ST06107230* COMMUNITY *Llancarfan*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Lime kiln, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 53 lime kiln sheet 46.6*

DESCRIPTION *Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 53 lime kiln sheet 46.6 Thaw Valley Project (Graves-Brown 1997)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1997*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - *GGATE006336*

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P 1997 River Thaw Valley Project 1267

/PM/desc text/Graves-Brown, P.M./1997/Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT

/PM/map/Ordnance SURVEY FIRST EDITION 25 "//sheet 46.6

Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT02620s>

PRN 02621s NAME *Lime Kiln* NGR *ST06107290* COMMUNITY *Llancarfan*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Lime kiln, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 54 lime kiln sheet 46.6*

DESCRIPTION *Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 54 lime kiln sheet 46.6 Thaw Valley Project (Graves-Brown 1997)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1997

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE006336

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P 1997 River Thaw Valley Project 1267
/PM/desc text/Graves-Brown, P.M./1997/Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT
/PM/map/Ordnance SURVEY FIRST EDITION 25 "/sheet 46.6
03/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S15001591 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT02621s>

PRN 02622s NAME Lime Kiln NGR ST05807220 COMMUNITY Llancarfan

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Lime kiln, RANK: 1

SUMMARY Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 55 lime kiln sheet 46.10

DESCRIPTION Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 55 lime kiln sheet 46.10 Thaw Valley Project (Graves-Brown 1997)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1997

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE006336

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P 1997 River Thaw Valley Project 1267
/PM/desc text/Graves-Brown, P.M./1997/Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT
/PM/map/Ordnance SURVEY FIRST EDITION 25 "/sheet 46.10
Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT02622s>

PRN 02624s NAME Lime Kiln NGR ST07707170 COMMUNITY Llancarfan

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Lime kiln, RANK: 1

SUMMARY Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 57 lime kiln sheet 46.10

DESCRIPTION Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 57 lime kiln sheet 46.10 Thaw Valley Project (Graves-Brown 1997)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1997

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE006336

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P 1997 River Thaw Valley Project 1267
/PM/desc text/Graves-Brown, P.M./1997/Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT
/PM/map/Ordnance SURVEY FIRST EDITION 25 "/sheet 46.10
Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT02624s>

PRN 02625s NAME Lime Kiln NGR ST07707180 COMMUNITY St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Lime kiln, RANK: 1

SUMMARY Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 58 lime kiln sheet 46.10

DESCRIPTION Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 58 lime kiln sheet 46.10 Thaw Valley Project (Graves-Brown 1997)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1997

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE006336

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P 1997 River Thaw Valley Project 1267
/PM/desc text/Graves-Brown, P.M./1997/Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT

/PM/map/Ordnance SURVEY FIRST EDITION 25 "/sheet 46.10
Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT02625s>

PRN 02629s NAME *Lime Kiln* NGR *ST08307206* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*
TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Lime kiln*, RANK: 1
SUMMARY *Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 61 lime kiln sheet 46.11*

DESCRIPTION *Thaw Valley Survey; OS1 61 lime kiln sheet 46.11 Thaw Valley Project (Graves-Brown 1997)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED* DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1997

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE006336

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P 1997 River Thaw Valley Project 1267
/PM/desc text/Graves-Brown, P.M./1997/Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT
/PM/map/Ordnance SURVEY FIRST EDITION 25 "/sheet 46.11
Thaw Valley Survey Report. GGAT ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT02629s>

PRN 02958s NAME *CAEMAEN FARM* NGR *ST05187276* COMMUNITY *Llancarfan*
TYPE *Roman, Coin*, RANK: 1
SUMMARY *Oxford flagon neck, 2nd century coin and Pb sealing*

DESCRIPTION *Oxford flagon neck, 2nd century coin and Pb sealing*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED* DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2002

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE001657

SOURCES

Report Evans, E M 2001 Romano-British southeast Wales settlement survey: Final report 726
01/Pm Desc Text/2001 March/Evans EM/GGAT 63 Romano-British South East Wales Settlement Survey/SMR
726 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT02958s>

PRN 03039s NAME *WHITTON* NGR *ST081721* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*
TYPE *Roman, Sherd*, RANK: 1
SUMMARY *Find of Roman pottery*

DESCRIPTION *In next field to NW (to 01434S) later Roman pottery has been found Originally entered under 01434S*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED:*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE001657, GGATE006047

SOURCES

Report Evans, E M 2001 Romano-British southeast Wales settlement survey: Final report 726
01/PM Desc Text//Thomas H/1958/Bull Board Celtic Stud/Vol.17 p.92-6 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03039s>

PRN 03040s NAME *WHITTON* NGR *ST08007190* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*
TYPE *Roman, Findspot*, RANK: 1
SUMMARY *Roman silver coins and human bone*

DESCRIPTION *In next field to W (to 01434S), OS map marks discovery of silver coins and human bone in 1845' Originally entered under 01434SM May be a duplicate of 380: check*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED:

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE001657

SOURCES

Report Evans, E M 2001 Romano-British southeast Wales settlement survey: Final report 726

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03040s>

PRN 03705s **NAME** *Field Boundary, Homri Farm, Peterston-Super-*

Ely **NGR** ST08747519 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Unknown, Field boundary, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Mature hedgerow in Homri Farm parcel of the Maendy Farm Tir Gofal application area.*

DESCRIPTION *Mature hedgerow in the Homri Farm parcel of land. Field boundaries in both Maendy Farm and Homri Farm holdings are typically hedgerow or post and wire fencing. This boundary is depicted on the 1st ed. O.S. map, 1885. The farmer is seeking Tir Gofal funding for stock-proofing field boundaries. GGAT 67 Tir Gofal HE2 (2002).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal HE2 data/2002/S15002999 **ARCHWILIO URL**

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03705s>

PRN 03717s **NAME** *Coed yr Abad Grange* **NGR** ST074734 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Medieval, Grange, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Wood, now called Coed yr Aber, but originally Coed yr Abbot; RCAHMW connect this with a reference in the 17th century by Lhuyd to Abbot's Castle,*

DESCRIPTION *Wood, now called Coed yr Aber, but originally Coed yr Abbot; RCAHMW connect this with a reference in the 17th century by Lhuyd to Abbot's Castle, and suggest that it may have some connection with Greendown Grange (Margam Abbey), with is known to have been connected with Bonvilston. Evans 2003: GGAT 73 Early-Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project database*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2004

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Evans EM, 2003-04, GGAT 73 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project **ARCHWILIO URL**

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03717s>

PRN 03724s **NAME** *Bonvilston Churchyard* **NGR** ST06457401 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Medieval, Churchyard, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *The churchyard is quadrangular, now and on the 1839 tithe map. The churchyard cross (PRN 363s) still survives.*

DESCRIPTION *The churchyard is quadrangular, now and on the 1839 tithe map. It is flat, and terraced markedly above the road to the S. The present boundary consists of a coursed rubble wall, which forms a retaining wall at the S side. The main entrance consists of double gates in the SE corner, and there is a single gate in the NE corner, and another in the SW corner with a flight of steps up from the road. The churchyard cross (PRN 363s) survives. Evans 1998 GGAT 51 Historic Churches Project*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2004

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 0363s, Associated with 0364s

SOURCES

Report Evans, E M 1998 Glamorgan Historic Churches Survey: Churches in the Archdeaconry of Llandaff, Deanery of Penarth & Barry

Evans EM, 2003-04, GGAT 73 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT03724s>

PRN 03774s **NAME** St Nicholas Churchyard **NGR** ST09027436 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston
TYPE Medieval, Churchyard, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY The churchyard is quadrangular, both now and on the tithe map of 1838. It is flat and raised above surrounding level to N, E and W.

DESCRIPTION The churchyard is quadrangular, both now and on the tithe map of 1838. It is flat and raised above surrounding level to N, E and W. The present boundary is a coursed rubble wall, which acts as a retaining wall to the N, E and W sides; on the W side and part of the E side it is embankd internally. There is a timber lych gate at the S side, deirectly opposite the porch. Few burials are apparent to to the N of the church. Evans 1998 GGAT 51 Historic Churches Project

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2004

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 0375s, Consists of 06131s

SOURCES

Report Evans, E M 1998 Glamorgan Historic Churches Survey: Churches in the Archdeaconry of Llandaff, Deanery of Penarth & Barry

Evans EM, 2003-04, GGAT 73 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT03774s>

PRN 03803s **NAME** Moyl Grange **NGR** ST054734 **COMMUNITY** Llancarfan
TYPE Medieval, Grange, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY A Margam grange of uncertain location, possibly to be found in the area of this NGR.

DESCRIPTION Listed by Williams (2001, 306 no.91) among Margam granges of uncertain location; he suggests a possible location centred on the NGR given. Evans 2003: GGAT 73 Early-Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project database

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2004

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE001386

SOURCES

Book Williams, D H 2001 The Welsh Cistercians

Report Evans, E M 2003 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical sites in Southeast Wales: Desk based assessment 1317

Evans EM, 2003-04, GGAT 73 Early Medieval Ecclesiastical Sites Project **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT03803s>

PRN 03822s **NAME** COTTERELL PARK **NGR** ST079744 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston
TYPE Unknown, Cist, **RANK:** 1

SUMMARY A dubious account in 1976 of a possible capstone of a cist. During the present visit no trace of the suggested cist was found, the area in question now being a fairway belonging to a modern golf course. Dimensions not known.

DESCRIPTION A dubious account in 1976 of a possible capstone of a cist. During the present visit no trace of the suggested cist was found, the area in question now being a fairway belonging to a modern golf course. Dimensions: Dimensions not known. (1984) Possible capstone of cist in Cottrell Park (information from G Dowdell) GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project 2003

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2003

STATUS None recorded
CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Pm desc text/Evans EM/2003/GGAT 72 Prehistoric Funerary and Ritual Sites Project **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT03822s>

PRN 03830s **NAME** Bonvilston Earthwork **NGR** ST07107334 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston
TYPE Unknown, Bank (earthwork), **RANK:** 1
SUMMARY Earthwork bank measuring approx 146m long, located about 60m east of the Soldiers Grave ringwork (00696s). This feature partially encloses a large area but there remains insufficient evidence for it to be translated as a bailey.

DESCRIPTION Earthwork bank measuring approx 146m long, located about 60m east of the Soldiers Grave ringwork (00696s). This feature partially encloses a large area but there remains insufficient evidence for it to be translated as a bailey. (01)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2003

STATUS Scheduled Monument GM613
CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 3831s, Associated with 696s GGATE001481

SOURCES

Report Ferrell, G. 1989 Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area 1 78-89_01 01/Pm Desc Text/Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area/Access Archaeology/1989/GGAT SMR Report Archive **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT03830s>

PRN 03831s **NAME** Human Remains at Soldiers Grave, Bonvilston **NGR** ST07057334 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston
TYPE Unknown, Human remains, **RANK:** 1
SUMMARY Human remains found near to the Soldiers Grave ringwork (00696s) at Bonvilston, believed to be the dead of a Civil War skirmish.

DESCRIPTION Human remains found near to the Soldiers Grave ringwork (00696s) at Bonvilston, believed to be the dead of a Civil War skirmish. (01)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2003

STATUS None recorded
CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 696s GGATE001481

SOURCES

Report Ferrell, G. 1989 Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area 1 78-89_01 01/Pm Desc Text/Archaeology in and Around the Bonvilston and St Nicholas Area/Access Archaeology/1989/GGAT SMR Report Archive **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT03831s>

PRN 03869s **NAME** Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 9 **NGR** ST082737 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston
TYPE Medieval, Pond, **RANK:** 1
SUMMARY A round pond to the north of the medieval ringwork on what appears to be an artificial terrace above the cwm.

DESCRIPTION A round pond to the north of the medieval ringwork on what appears to be an artificial terrace above the cwm. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2003

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE002631, GGATE002632**SOURCES**

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room
01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03869s>

PRN 03870s **NAME** Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 15 **NGR** -, ST07767382 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston
TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Barn, **RANK:** 1
SUMMARY A barn, partly converted, with end external stair to hayloft shown on OS 1st Edition and Tithe maps.

DESCRIPTION A barn, partly converted, with end external stair to hayloft shown on OS 1st Edition and Tithe maps. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2003

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE002631, GGATE002632

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room
01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 ARCHWILIO URL
, <https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03870s>

PRN 03871s **NAME** Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 14 **NGR** ST08667341 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Bridge, **RANK:** 1
SUMMARY A rubble ruin of bridge which is probably of little antiquity.

DESCRIPTION A rubble ruin of bridge which is probably of little antiquity. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2003

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE002631, GGATE002632

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room
01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03871s>

PRN 03872s **NAME** Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 13 **NGR** ST08077318 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Pond, **RANK:** 1
SUMMARY A pond with no evidence of any specific associations or antiquity.

DESCRIPTION A pond with no evidence of any specific associations or antiquity. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** - **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2003

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE002631, GGATE002632

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room
01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03872s>

PRN 03873s NAME *Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 12* NGR *ST08367356* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Field boundary, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Second field boundary marked by line of trees running north west from RF2 towards 00386s.*

DESCRIPTION *Second field boundary marked by line of trees running north west from RF2 towards 00386s. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - *GGATE002631, GGATE002632*

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03873s>

PRN 03874s NAME *Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 11* NGR *ST08437352* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Building, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Possible building platform set into line of old field boundary RF2.*

DESCRIPTION *Possible building platform set into line of old field boundary RF2. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - *GGATE002631, GGATE002632*

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03874s>

PRN 03875s NAME *Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 10* NGR *ST08147370* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Garden terrace, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *A artificial terrace on the south west side of the cwm to the north of ring work 00368s - the pond RF9 is situated on the south of the terrace. Irregularities in the terrace bank suggest possible house platforms, although they may represent quarrying.*

DESCRIPTION *A artificial terrace on the south west side of the cwm to the north of ring work 00368s - the pond RF9 is situated on the south of the terrace. Irregularities in the terrace bank suggest possible house platforms, although they may represent quarrying - at one point what could have been walling was eroding from the bank, but this could equally have been the natural limestone that had eroded. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - *GGATE002631, GGATE002632*

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03875s>

PRN 03876s NAME *Cropmark, Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 1* NGR *ST08507391* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Cropmark*, RANK: 1

SUMMARY *A circular crop mark visible on GEONEX aerial photos visible on the ground as a shallow depression, probably a ploughed out quarry.*

DESCRIPTION *A circular crop mark visible on GEONEX aerial photos visible on the ground as a shallow depression, probably a ploughed out quarry. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED* DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - *GGATE002631, GGATE002632*

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03876s>

PRN 03877s NAME *Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 22* NGR *ST08467355* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Earthwork*, RANK: 1

SUMMARY *A curvilinear earthwork (?) To the south east of 00368s seen on Aerial Photo Meridian 70 67 116 this is the remnant of a bank and ditch, clearly visible on the ground. Connected to RF11 and 12 and to hollow ways at RF16.*

DESCRIPTION *A curvilinear earthwork (?) To the south east of 00368s seen on Aerial Photo Meridian 70 67 116 this is the remnant of a bank and ditch, clearly visible on the ground. Connected to RF11 and 12 and to hollow ways at RF16. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED* DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - *GGATE002631, GGATE002632*

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03877s>

PRN 03878s NAME *Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 7* NGR *ST08637320* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Hollow way*, RANK: 1

SUMMARY *Alignment of trees suggesting former hollow way leading to brook farm (RF4-6)*

DESCRIPTION *Alignment of trees suggesting former hollow way leading to brook farm (RF4-6) CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED* DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - *GGATE002631, GGATE002632*

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 ARCHWILIO URL
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03878s>

PRN 03879s NAME *Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 6* NGR *ST08787323* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Farmhouse, RANK: 1

SUMMARY Third building in court associated with RF4/5 farm house of Brook farm?

DESCRIPTION Third building in court associated with RF4/5 farm house of Brook farm? CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE002631, GGATE002632

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT03879s>

PRN 03880s **NAME** Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 5 **NGR** -, ST08797320 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Cart shed, RANK: 1

SUMMARY A building adjacent to RF4, possibly a cart shed to brook farm, only the gable end survives.

DESCRIPTION A building adjacent to RF4, possibly a cart shed to brook farm, only the gable end survives. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE002631, GGATE002632

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT03880s>

PRN 03881s **NAME** Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 4 **NGR** ST08787321 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Barn, RANK: 1

SUMMARY The remains of a barn belonging to Brook farm, the building has an impressive set of added buttresses and one of the doors has clearly been blocked at an early stage. This farm is shown on both the Tithe and OS 1st edition maps.

DESCRIPTION The remains of a barn belonging to Brook farm, the building has an impressive set of added buttresses and one of the doors has clearly been blocked at an early stage. This farm is shown on both the Tithe and OS 1st edition maps. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE002631, GGATE002632

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT03881s>

PRN 03882s **NAME** Hollow Way, Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 18 **NGR** ST08677376 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, Hollow way, RANK: 1

SUMMARY A hollow way marked by a line of trees and in places visible as an earthwork. This track runs east away from the stream crossing RF16 and appears to continue east into the next farm.

DESCRIPTION *A hollow way marked by a line of trees and in places visible as an earthwork. This track runs east away from the stream crossing RF16 and appears to continue east into the next farm. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE002631, GGATE002632

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03882s>

PRN 03883s **NAME** *Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 17* **NGR** ST08607359 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Field boundary, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *A terraced hedge boundary running south east from RF16, its purpose is unclear.*

DESCRIPTION *A terraced hedge boundary running south east from RF16, its purpose is unclear. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE002631, GGATE002632

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03883s>

PRN 03884s **NAME** *Redlands Farm, Bonvilston 16* **NGR** ST085736 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, Hollow way, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Set of 2-3 hollow ways converging on stream crossing in valley bottom.*

DESCRIPTION *Set of 2-3 hollow ways converging on stream crossing in valley bottom. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE002631, GGATE002632

SOURCES

Report Graves-Brown, P. 2000 Redlands Farm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. HE2 Tir Gofal Farm Visit Report 2112 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S16000357 **ARCHWILIO URL**
<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03884s>

PRN 03899s **NAME** *Tyn y Coed Farm, Bonvilston 3* **NGR** ST06577381 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Unknown, Well, RANK: 1*

SUMMARY *Well with a brick-built arched roof, tapping a natural spring which feeds into the Nant Llancarfan stream. On the south side of the banks of the stream is a series of small embanked rectangular and rectilinear plots. Some of the earth banks are as much a*

DESCRIPTION *Well with a brick-built arched roof, tapping a natural spring which feeds into the Nant Llancarfan stream. On the south side of the banks of the stream is a series of small embanked rectangular and*

rectilinear plots. Some of the earth banks are as much as 0.5m high. The whole is overgrown with trees and scrub. These are likely to be the remains of former garden plots, or allotments, deliberately sited next to a good water source. A stump of wooden post sticking up among the vegetation is probably the remnant of a gate-post. A path from here leads up to Bonvilston village. Two wells are marked on the 1:10 000 map: this and one to the south-west, at ST06417366. Before mains water was laid on (in the mid-1930's in the Vale), these wells would have been an important source of water for Bonvilston. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS HLW

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE002610, GGATE002611

SOURCES

Report Zienkiewicz, L. 2001 Tyn y Coed Farm, Bonvilston, Cardiff. Tir Gofal HE 2 Farm Visit Report 2121 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S15001591 ARCHWILIO URL <https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT03899s>

PRN 03900s NAME Tyn y Coed Farm, Bonvilston 1 NGR ST06027270 COMMUNITY Llancafarn
TYPE Unknown, Well, RANK: 1

SUMMARY The well is marked on the O S 1:25,000 map, and lies just to the south of Whitewell house. As it appears today, a natural spring has been encased behind and on two sides by a limestone-block wall about 2m high and 2m along each width. The farmer thought

DESCRIPTION The well is marked on the O S 1:25,000 map, and lies just to the south of Whitewell house. As it appears today, a natural spring has been encased behind and on two sides by a limestone-block wall about 2m high and 2m along each width. The farmer thought it was likely that this was used as a small sheep-wash in the past, which could explain the walling. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS HLW

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Report Zienkiewicz, L 2000 The Farm, The Rhadyr, Usk, Monmouthshire: Tir Gofal HE2 Farm Visit Report S_17_000219

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S15001591 ARCHWILIO URL <https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT03900s>

PRN 03901s NAME Tyn y Coed Farm, Bonvilston 2 NGR ST06287331 COMMUNITY St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE Unknown, Recumbent stone, RANK: 1

SUMMARY A large, recumbent slab of very weathered stone, possibly triassic mudstone, as with the main construction at Tinkinswood. The slab is approximately 5m in length, and about 3m wide. At its southern end it rests on a smaller block of stone. At first sight

DESCRIPTION A large, recumbent slab of very weathered stone, possibly triassic mudstone, as with the main construction at Tinkinswood. The slab is approximately 5m in length, and about 3m wide. At its southern end it rests on a smaller block of stone. At first sight, the feature resembles a small chambered tomb. Alternatively, it could be fallen standing stone. Without further investigation, no meaningful conclusion can be drawn. Bearing in mind the proximity of three other chambered tombs (including one at St Lythans in addition to the two noted in the introduction), and two standing stones, this is an intriguing feature. CCW Tir Gofal HE2 (1999-2000)

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2003

STATUS HLW

CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE002610, GGATE002611

SOURCES

Report Zienkiewicz, L. 2001 Tyn y Coed Farm, Bonvilston, Cardiff. Tir Gofal HE 2 Farm Visit Report 2121 HER Search Room

01/Pm desc text/GGAT 67 Tir Gofal/1999-2000/CCW Tir Gofal HE2 data/S15001591 ARCHWILIO URL <https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT03901s>

PRN 03996s NAME *Green down cropmark* NGR *ST06047227* COMMUNITY *Llancarfan*

TYPE *Unknown, enclosure*, RANK: -

SUMMARY *NMR entry reads: Possibly incomplete cropmark of two sides of a rectangular ditched enclosure, at least c. 60m NE-SW by 40m, having a rather rounded S angle.*

DESCRIPTION *NMR entry reads: Possibly incomplete cropmark of two sides of a rectangular ditched enclosure, at least c. 60m NE-SW by 40m, having a rather rounded S angle. 95-CS-1566 RCAHMW AP955147/53 J.Wiles 16.02.04 No further evidence; available evidence is consistent with being prehistoric defended enclosure. (Wiggins and Evans 2005) A sub-rectangular shaped plateau measuring 15.4m north to south by 37m east to west with ditches on three sides to the east south and west. A low spread bank on the east side was noted that measures approximately 0.50m high by 2.82m wide and was approximately 15.4m long. The ground in the ditch to the south east corner was very wet even after a dry spell and may have been a natural hollow utilised as part of an enclosure. (Gerrard, Wiggins and Evans 2006)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2009*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 309018 GGATE001551, GGATE001601*

SOURCES

Report Gerrard, C. Wiggins, H. and Evans, E. 2006 Prehistoric defended enclosures in Glamorgan with recommendations for fieldwork: Year 3 report 2619

Report Wiggins, H and Evans, E 2005 Prehistoric defended enclosures in Glamorgan with recommendations for fieldwork 1828

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03996s>

PRN 03998s NAME *Ty'n-y-Coed, cropmark* NGR *ST06777295* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Unknown, enclosure*, RANK: -

SUMMARY *NMR entry reads: A rectangular, ditched enclosure, c. 30m E-W by 20m, is visible on AP (RCAHMW AP965082/41). Other features, sharing the same orientation to the E, may indicate part of an associated field system (NPRN 309284).*

DESCRIPTION *NMR entry reads: A rectangular, ditched enclosure, c. 30m E-W by 20m, is visible on AP (RCAHMW AP965082/41). Other features, sharing the same orientation to the E, may indicate part of an associated field system (NPRN 309284). J. Wiles 29.10.03 No further evidence; available evidence is consistent with being prehistoric defended enclosure. (Wiggins and Evans 2005) 03998s is located on a gently rolling hillslope within an arable field, east of the Nant Llancarfan and north of the Nant Whitton and Greendown wood. There are a number of springs and small streams in the area close to 03998s. No earthworks or other features were visible, the field in question was under arable crop at the time and as a result the field visit had to be carried out along planting tracks. (Gerrard, Wiggins and Evans 2006)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2009*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES *Associated with 03123s, Associated with 03996s, Same as 309275 GGATE001551, GGATE001603*

SOURCES

Report Gerrard, C. Wiggins, H. and Evans, E. 2006 Prehistoric defended enclosures in Glamorgan with recommendations for fieldwork: Year 3 report 2619

Report Wiggins, H and Evans, E 2005 Prehistoric defended enclosures in Glamorgan with recommendations for fieldwork 1828

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT03998s>

PRN 04147s NAME *Ring Ditches, Whitton Cross* NGR *ST0776271815, ST0779471797* COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *Unknown, ring ditch*, RANK: -

SUMMARY *A geophysical survey of the area north of Whitton Cross indicated two ring ditches measuring approximately 28m (E) and 35m (F) in diameter respectively (Atwood 2010).*

DESCRIPTION *A geophysical survey of the area north of Whitton Cross indicated two ring ditches measuring*

approximately 28m (E) and 35m (F) in diameter respectively. While one ring must be later than the other, it is not possible to establish the chronological relationship on the basis of the magnetic results alone. Ring E appears to have some central features and there are hints of an anomaly shadow in the interior; there is no obvious break in the ditch. Other anomalies suggest pits or short ditch lengths, appended to the ring. There are also features within ring F though offset from the central area and there is a break, or entrance, in the south-east quadrant. Formerly identified as E (ST0776271815) and F (ST0779471797) (Atwood 2010).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: E003309 RECORDED: 2011

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 04148s GGATE003309

SOURCES

Report Attwood, G 2010 Five Mile Lane Improvements, North of Whitton Cross, Vale of Glamorgan: Geophysical Survey Report 2922 2011_04, HER_MM_0203

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT04147s>

PRN 04148s NAME Ring Ditch, Whitton Cross NGR ST0778272208 COMMUNITY St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE Unknown, ring ditch, RANK: 0

SUMMARY The ring ditch in the northern field of Whitton Cross is approximately 11m in diameter with an entrance on the south-east. Formerly identified as K (Atwood 2010).

DESCRIPTION The ring ditch in the northern field of Whitton Cross is approximately 11m in diameter with an entrance on the south-east. Formerly identified as K (Atwood 2010).

CONDITION

CONDITION: NEAR DESTROYED DESCRIPTION: RELATED EVENT: E003309 RECORDED: 2011

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 04147s GGATE003309

SOURCES

Report Attwood, G 2010 Five Mile Lane Improvements, North of Whitton Cross, Vale of Glamorgan: Geophysical Survey Report 2922 2011_04, HER_MM_0203

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT04148s>

PRN 04165s NAME Earthwork, Leige Castle Chapel Yard NGR ST0563872986 COMMUNITY Llancarfan

TYPE Medieval, earthwork, RANK: -

SUMMARY At the N edge of the Chapel Yard, are the grassed-over remains of a small sub-rectangular structure/feature, 8m N-S, by 5m E-W, which is also visible on aerial photos. This feature is in addition to the remains of the chapel (depicted as a circular mound on the 1st edition OS map), which lies further to the S, and now survives as a well spread mound (see 00362s).

DESCRIPTION At the N edge of the Chapel Yard, are the grassed-over remains of a small sub-rectangular structure/feature, 8m N-S, by 5m E-W, which is also visible on aerial photos. This feature is in addition to the remains of the chapel (depicted as a circular mound on the 1st edition OS map), which lies further to the S, and now survives as a well spread mound (see 00362s) (Bowden and Roberts 2011).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: E002106 RECORDED: 2012

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES Associated with 00362s GGATE002101, GGATE002104

SOURCES

Report Bowden, R. and Roberts, R. 2011 Abandoned Medieval Chapels and Churches in Glamorgan and Gwent 3005

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT04165s>

PRN 04393s NAME Pond, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan NGR ST0827473764 COMMUNITY St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE UNKNOWN, POND, RANK: -

SUMMARY Pond, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan 1st Edition OS map 6"

DESCRIPTION Pond, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan 1st Edition OS map 6"

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** Pond, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan 1st Edition OS map 6" **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1870

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT04393s>

PRN 04394s **NAME** Pond, Coed y Cwm, Bonvilston, Vale of

Glamorgan **NGR** ST0859273575 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE UNKNOWN, POND, RANK: -

SUMMARY Pond, Coed y Cwm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan 3rd Edition OS map 6"

DESCRIPTION Pond, Coed y Cwm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan 3rd Edition OS map 6"

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** Pond, Coed y Cwm, Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan 3rd Edition OS map 6" **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1919

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 3rd Edition OS map 6"

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT04394s>

PRN 04395s **NAME** Pond, Brook Wood, Dyffryn, St Nicholas, Vale of

Glamorgan **NGR** ST0826972804 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE UNKNOWN, POND, RANK: -

SUMMARY Pond, Brook Wood, Dyffryn, St Nicholas, Vale of Glamorgan 1st Edition OS map 6"

DESCRIPTION Pond, Brook Wood, Dyffryn, St Nicholas, Vale of Glamorgan 1st Edition OS map 6"

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** Pond, Brook Wood, Dyffryn, St Nicholas, Vale of Glamorgan 1st Edition OS map 6" **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1878

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT04395s>

PRN 05088s **NAME** The Old Vicarage, Bonvilston **NGR** ST0620873948 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, VICARAGE, RANK: -

SUMMARY An Old Vicarage with origins from the late 18th century. Demolished to make way for a new building in December 2012.

DESCRIPTION Dates from the late 18th century and is shown on the OS map published in 1830. Also identified on the RCAHMW Coflein databade (NPRN 409886)- Here it is described as a long two storey post medieval building with three chimneys. Was once thatched. Demolished to make way for a new building in December 2012 (Stewart-Turner, 2012).

CONDITION

*CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Demolished in December 2012. RELATED EVENT: E004544
RECORDED: 2012*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 409886 GGATE004544*

SOURCES

Report (digital) Stewart-Turner, J. 2012 The Old Vicarage, Bonvilston WB 3330

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT05088s>

PRN *05143s* **NAME** *Supermarine Spitfire N3221 crash site* **NGR** *ST0660974137* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *MODERN, AIR CRASH SITE, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Crash site of Supermarine Spitfire N3221.*

DESCRIPTION *Supermarine Spitfire N3221 broke up in air over Bonvilston, Glamorgan on 6th February 1943. Wreckage was recorded in fields below Pendoylan (airhistory.org.uk; Huckfield & Burton 2013).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2013

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES *- - GGATE004769*

SOURCES

Online Resource airhistory.org.uk Website accessed 27_10_15

Report (digital) Huckfield, P.W. & Burton, J. 2013 GGAT 126: Military Aircraft Crash sites in Southeast Wales

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT05143s>

PRN *05689s* **NAME** *Llaneinydd, St Nicholas* **NGR** *ST0890074285* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *MODERN, HOUSE, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *House designed by renowned South Wales architect, Sir Percy Thomas for J.Trefil Morgan, Chairman of Cardiff department store, David Morgan Ltd. This building was constructed in the 1930s when use of materials was limited.*

DESCRIPTION *House designed by renowned South Wales architect, Sir Percy Thomas for J.Trefil Morgan, Chairman of Cardiff department store, David Morgan Ltd. This building was constructed in the 1930s when use of materials was limited. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED:

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG Council: 00002*

CROSS REFERENCES *- -*

SOURCES

Database Vale of Glamorgan Council Glamorgan County Treasures

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT05689s>

PRN *05691s* **NAME** *Ty To Gwellt, St Nicholas* **NGR** *ST0894474340* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, COTTAGE, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *19th century stone built cottage. Of interest as part of a group of buildings around the church. It housed the Post Office during 1950 to 1960.*

DESCRIPTION *19th century two storey stone built cottage. Of interest as part of a group of buildings around the church. It housed the Post Office during 1950 to 1960. The building was thatched until the mid C20. Its name derives from the Welsh "house with grass roof. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED:

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG Council: 00005*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Database Vale of Glamorgan Council Glamorgan County Treasures

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT05691s>

PRN 05693s **NAME** *Duffryn Lodge, St Nicholas* **NGR** ST0960572894 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, LODGE, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Duffryn Lodge (North Lodge). Stone-built single storey building. Originally thatched, now tiled. Original building has thatched porch with "eyebrow" features.*

DESCRIPTION *Stone-built single storey building. Originally thatched, now tiled. Original building has thatched porch with "eyebrow" features. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED:

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG Council: 00014*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Database Vale of Glamorgan Council Glamorgan County Treasures

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT05693s>

PRN 05694s **NAME** *Trehill Chapel, St. Nicholas* **NGR** ST0862874272 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, CHAPEL, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Trehill Chapel, St. Nicholas. Built 1870.*

DESCRIPTION *Trehill Chapel, St. Nicholas. Built 1870. Chapel. Originally built as a Calvinistic Methodist church, founded in 1739 to 1740 by Howell Harris. Now a Presbyterian Church of Wales. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED:

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG Council: 00020*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Database Vale of Glamorgan Council Glamorgan County Treasures

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT05694s>

PRN 05695s **NAME** *Stone Style, St Nicholas* **NGR** ST0919774094 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, STILE, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Stone style, constructed from a single stone with additional steps to the sides. Hard grey stone, possibly granite.*

DESCRIPTION *Stone style, constructed from a single stone with additional steps to the sides. Hard grey stone, possibly granite. Single block stone stile made of hard grey stone. Leading from Duffryn Lane, opposite Broadway Green into a field, thus providing access to the public footpath. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED:

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG Council: 00021*
CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Database Vale of Glamorgan Council Glamorgan County Treasures

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT05695s>

PRN 05696s NAME *Dyffryn Close, St. Nicholas* NGR ST0929873989 COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE MODERN, TERRACED HOUSE, RANK: -

SUMMARY *1 - 16, Dyffryn Close, St. Nicholas. Originally built by Cardiff Rural District Council.*

DESCRIPTION *A post-war cul-de-sac comprising 16 houses. Originally built by Cardiff Rural District Council. Many are now in private ownership. Have been recognised as good examples of post-war secular architecture. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED:

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG Council: 00024*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Database Vale of Glamorgan Council Glamorgan County Treasures

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT05696s>

PRN 05697s NAME *Mounting Block, Trehill, St. Nicholas* NGR ST0864874222 COMMUNITY *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, MOUNTING BLOCK, RANK: -

SUMMARY *Stone mounting block, Trehill, St. Nicholas.*

DESCRIPTION *Stone mounting block built outside the house at Trehill. This property was once an Inn named "Price's Arms". Rough, random stone built, topped with hard, slate-like capstones. Front stones have been previously limewashed. Attractive feature enhanced by... Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: - RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED:

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG Council: 00030*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Database Vale of Glamorgan Council Glamorgan County Treasures

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT05697s>

PRN 05786s NAME *Chamber Tomb Tyn y Coed Bonvilston* NGR ST0673 COMMUNITY *Llancarfan*

TYPE PREHISTORIC, CHAMBERED TOMB, RANK: -

SUMMARY *Chamber Tomb Tyn y Coed Bonvilston*

DESCRIPTION *Chamber Tomb Tyn y Coed Bonvilston Site in south-western corner of field due south of the A48 at Bonvilston. Consists of two stones, a collapsed capstone and evidence of an orthostat. The capstone points in an east-west direction and is 4m long by 2m wide, depth 0.51m. Made of local limestone in an advanced state of erosion. Capstone has collapsed. The orthostat can only be traced above the surface horizon to a height of 0.36m. Possible that the other two orthostats have collapsed and may remain buried in the surrounding mound. The mound can be traced as a slight undulation in the corner of the field. (Gully B and Langford K J 1997)*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: *Chamber Tomb Bonvilston Site in south-western corner of field due south of the A48 at Bonvilston. Consists of two stones, a collapsed capstone and evidence of an orthostat. The capstone points in an east-west direction and is 4m long by 2m wide, depth 0.51m. Made of local limestone in an advanced state of erosion. Capstone has collapsed. The orthostat can only be traced above the surface horizon to a height of 0.36m. Possible that the other two orthostats have collapsed and may remain buried in the surrounding mound. The*

mound can be traced as a slight undulation in the corner of the field. (Gully B and Langford K J 1997) RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1997

STATUS None recorded
CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Journal Gully B and Langford K J 1997 Tyn y Coed Bonvilston

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT05786s>

PRN 05839s **NAME** *Coach House, Llaneinydd, St Nicholas* **NGR** ST0889974324 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, COACH HOUSE, RANK: -

SUMMARY *The Coach House, Llaneinydd, is first depicted on the First Edition Ordnance Survey map, dating to 1878. Permission for its residential conversion was granted in 2014.*

DESCRIPTION *The Coach House, Llaneinydd, is first depicted on the First Edition Ordnance Survey map, dating to 1878. By the production of the Second Edition OS map in 1900, the building is depicted at half its original size, and its footprint appears to subsequently remain unchanged (OS Map). Planning permission was granted for its conversion to a dwelling in 2014 (Phillips 2018).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** *Building depicted on First Edition Ordnance Survey mapping (OS Map)*
RELATED EVENT: - **RECORDED:** 1878

STATUS None recorded
CROSS REFERENCES - - GGATE006152

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 2nd Edition OS map 6"

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

Report (digital) Phillips, R. 2018 Site location: Coach House, Llaneinydd, St Nicholas 4344

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT05839s>

PRN 05886s **NAME** *St Nicholas War memorial, St Nicholas, Vale of Glamorgan* **NGR** ST0905074324 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE MODERN, WAR MEMORIAL, RANK: -

SUMMARY *War memorial*

DESCRIPTION *Ornate carved celtic cross with bronze plaque at base (Crawford 2019).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** *As reported in GGAT137: Their Names Liveth for Evermore: First World War memorialisation in South East Wales.* **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2019

STATUS UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1613

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Report Crawford 2019 GGAT137: Their Names Liveth for Evermore: First World War Memorialisation in South East Wales.

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprm=GGAT05886s>

PRN 06126s **NAME** *Village Farmhouse, St Nicholas* **NGR** ST0908274357 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, FARMHOUSE, RANK: -

SUMMARY *17th century farmhouse of at least two, possibly three, phases.*

DESCRIPTION *17th century farmhouse of at least two, possibly three, phases. Alterations in the 19th century and modern renovation. Influenced by Arts and Crafts movement, it is in a central village location reflecting local vernacular architecture as in Westways and Church Hall House*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Building shown on 1st edition OS mapping (OS Map). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1878
CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Building visible on Google imagery (Google). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2011

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1022*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"
Online Resource Google Street View
Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06126s>

PRN 06127s **NAME** *Bonvilston Cottage, Bonvilston* **NGR** *ST0639874014* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, HOUSE, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Bonvilston Cottage is a Grade II Listed good example of a large late Georgian house.*

DESCRIPTION *Bonvilston Cottage is a Grade II Listed good example of a large late Georgian house. Two-storey with rendered elevations and slated hipped roof with two gable stacks and three axial. Of oblong plan with central ridge and hipped wing running North-South at the West end. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: House shown on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1878

STATUS *Listed Building 16319 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1023*

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 308331*

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"
Online Resource Cadw Listed Buildings Description
Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06127s>

PRN 06128s **NAME** *Telephone Box, St Nicholas* **NGR** *ST0904374291* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *MODERN, TELEPHONE BOX, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Grade II Listed K-6 type square, red kiosk of cast iron construction to the standard design of Giles Gilbert Scott, architect of London.*

DESCRIPTION *Grade II Listed K-6 type square, red kiosk of cast iron construction to the standard design of Giles Gilbert Scott, architect of London. This design was introduced by GPO in 1936, with this example probably installed after Second World War.*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Box shown on Google imagery (Google). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2009

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Marked on 4th edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1940

STATUS *Listed Building 13425 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1026*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 4th Edition OS map 6"
Online Resource Google Street View
Online Resource Cadw Listed Buildings Description
Online Resource The Handley Partnership HAABase built heritage assessment system: Buildings at Risk database

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06128s>

PRN 06129s **NAME** Pillar Box, St Nicholas **NGR** ST0904474288 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE MODERN, PILLAR BOX, RANK: -

SUMMARY Grade II Listed circular iron pillar box of standard early 20th century design.

DESCRIPTION Grade II Listed circular iron pillar box of standard early 20th century design. Fluted rim to shallow domed cap supporting curved bracket with oval Post Office direction sign. "Post Office" lettering to frieze with letter opening, moulded base. Curved door with collection plate over crowned "GR" (King George V) monogram. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: PO marked at this location on 3rd edition OS mapping (OS map).

RELATED EVENT: - **RECORDED:** 1919

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Visible on Google imagery (Google). **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2016

STATUS Listed Building 13426 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1027

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Online Resource Google Street View

Online Resource Cadw Listed Buildings Description

Online Resource The Handley Partnership HAAbase built heritage assessment system: Buildings at Risk database Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06129s>

PRN 06131s **NAME** Tomb, Church of St Nicholas **NGR** ST0899374371 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE MODERN, CHEST TOMB, RANK: -

SUMMARY Early 20th century Grade II Listed chest tomb of the Cory family in grey Quarella stone in the High Gothic Revival style

DESCRIPTION Early 20th century Grade II Listed chest tomb of the Cory family in grey Quarella stone in the High Gothic Revival style. Tomb houses the remains of John and Anna Cory and other members of their family who were well known industrialists that resided at Dyffryn House. The central panel is inscribed with the Cory coat of arms and the words "Virtu Sempre Viridis". The tomb has adjacent access to the crypt. Of importance because of the family connections with St Nicholas. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council). **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2007

STATUS Listed Building 16322 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1035

CROSS REFERENCES Part of 03774s

SOURCES

Online Resource Cadw Listed Buildings Description

Online Resource The Handley Partnership HAAbase built heritage assessment system: Buildings at Risk database Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06131s>

PRN 06136s **NAME** Blacksmiths Cottages, 3 Smiths Row, St Nicholas **NGR** ST0898074267 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, TERRACED HOUSING, RANK: -

SUMMARY Grade II Listed terrace of three thatched cottages with the eastern-most unit dating from the first half of the 17th century, with 18th and 19th century alterations.

DESCRIPTION *Grade II Listed terrace of three thatched cottages, comprising seven bays of three phases of construction, with the eastern-most unit dating from the first half of the 17th century, with 18th and 19th century alterations (Cadw). A picturesque example of Vale of Glamorgan vernacular building and illustrating organic development from the early 17th and early 18th centuries. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Building depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1878

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Buildings shown on Google imagery (Google). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2016

STATUS *Listed Building 16323 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1036*

CROSS REFERENCES *Associated with 06281s, Same as 414360*

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

Online Resource Google Street View

Online Resource Cadw Listed Buildings Description

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06136s>

PRN *06137s* **NAME** *Church Hall House, St Nicholas* **NGR** *ST0901674256* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *MODERN, HOUSE, RANK: 1*

POST MEDIEVAL, INSTITUTE, RANK: 2

SUMMARY *Grade II Listed Building uilt 1896-7 by Lansdowne and Griggs Architects of Newport, along with the attached Hall as the Cory Institute. Now converted for residential use.*

DESCRIPTION *Grade II Listed Building built 1896-7 by Lansdowne and Griggs Architects of Newport, along with the attached Hall as the Cory Institute. Both buildings were designed and constructed together as a Temperance Institute with Mission Hall, Coffee Tavern and Temperance Institute and Rooms and are shown on the 2nd edition O.S. map, surveyed in 1898. The Cory family were well known local industrialists, philanthropists and supporters of the Temperance movement (Cadw; OS Map). Now converted for residential use (Google).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Building converted for residential use before 2016 (Google). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2016

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Depicted on 2nd Edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1900

STATUS *Listed Building 16326 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1037*

CROSS REFERENCES *Associated with 31890*

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 2nd Edition OS map 6"

Online Resource Google Street View

Online Resource Cadw Listed Buildings Description

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06137s>

PRN *06138s* **NAME** *Cottrell Lodge, St Nicholas* **NGR** *ST0793374185* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, GATE LODGE, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Grade II listed late 17th/early 18th century lodge to the now demolished Cottrell House.*

DESCRIPTION *Grade II listed lodge to the now demolished Cottrell House (01856s). Origins as vernacular, single cell cottage of gable entry form. Dating from the late C17/early C18, extended and re-fenestrated in picturesque manner in the early C19, with addition of apsidal ended extension and porch to E end (Cadw). Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Building depicted on 1st Edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1878
CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Building depicted on Google imagery (Google). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2011

STATUS Listed Building 16327 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1038
CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Online Resource Google Street View
 Online Resource Cadw Listed Buildings Description
 Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06138s>

PRN 06185s **NAME** Old School House, St Nicholas **NGR** ST0895674313 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, COTTAGE, RANK: 2
POST MEDIEVAL, SCHOOL HOUSE, RANK: 1

SUMMARY Originally a single-storey one-roomed stone built cottage with thatch, possibly late 17th Century or early 18th Century. It is thought to have been a school until the adjacent school was built, and was used as the Headmaster's house until 1978.

DESCRIPTION Originally a single-storey one-roomed stone built cottage with thatch, possibly late 17th Century or early 18th Century. Little indication of early origins as it has been considerably altered. It is thought to have been a school until the adjacent school was built, and was used as the Headmaster's house until 1978. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Building visible on Google imagery (Google). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2009

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Depicted on 1st edition OS mapping and labelled as 'School (Boys and Girls)' (OS map). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1878

STATUS UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1314

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"
 Online Resource Google Street View
 Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06185s>

PRN 06187s **NAME** Trehill Cottage, St Nicholas **NGR** ST0862174225 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, COTTAGE, RANK: -

SUMMARY Thatched house, shown with a much smaller footprint on the 1st edition Ordnance Survey map of 1878. It was origin ally a cottage for farm labourers from Trehill Farm.

DESCRIPTION Thatched house, shown with a much smaller footprint on the 1st edition Ordnance Survey map of 1878 (OS map). Originally a cottage for farm labourers attached to Trehill Farm, it has been substantially renovated and extended. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Building depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1878

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Building visible on Google imagery (Google). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2016

STATUS UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1326

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

Online Resource Google Street View

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<https://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06187s>

PRN 06256s **NAME** *Mounting block, Pwll Sarn Farm* **NGR** ST0880974241 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE UNKNOWN, MOUNTING BLOCK, RANK: -

SUMMARY *Mounting block. Stone-built mounting block which has been "updated" by the addition of a wooden surface, when the structure was used as a stand for milk churns.*

DESCRIPTION *Mounting block. Stone-built mounting block which has been "updated" by the addition of a wooden surface, when the structure was used as a stand for milk churns. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: *Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).* **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2007

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1614*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06256s>

PRN 06257s **NAME** *Manor House, Duffryn Lane, St Nicholas* **NGR** ST0910474280 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, MANOR HOUSE, RANK: -

SUMMARY *According to the Vale of Glamorgan Council's list of County Treasures, this building is some 300 years old in parts, and features a weather vane of huntsman and hounds.*

DESCRIPTION *According to the Vale of Glamorgan Council's list of County Treasures, this building is some 300 years old in parts, and features a weather vane of huntsman and hounds (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: *Depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map).* **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 1878

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1621*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Database Vale of Glamorgan Council Glamorgan County Treasures Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06257s>

PRN 06258s **NAME** *Mwddlescwm ruins, Brook Lane* **NGR** ST0882574013 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, COTTAGE, RANK: -

SUMMARY *Ruins of a cottage known to have been built prior to 1788 when William Thomas lived there.*

DESCRIPTION *Ruins of a cottage known to have been built prior to 1788 when William Thomas lived there. This site features on the Tithe Map of 1838 and the name is thought to derive from the ancient Welsh for "Valley of the Tumps" - a "tump" was an ancient anthill, some of which can still be seen. This site also features on census returns through the years, sometimes being named "Muddlescombe". The recorded reminiscences of an old local resident recall the story of Mary of Mwddlescwm (second wife to John Jenkins 1861-1881) who was renowned for being able to carry a container from the village well at the bottom of Well Lane, to Mwddlescwm without spilling a drop. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Ruins visible on Google imagery (Google). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 2011
CONDITION: NOT KNOWN DESCRIPTION: Depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: RECORDED: 1878

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1622*
CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"
Online Resource Google Street View
Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06258s>

PRN 06281s **NAME** *Blacksmiths Cottages, 4 Smiths Row, St Nicholas* **NGR** ST0899174270 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*
TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, TERRACED HOUSING, RANK: 0*
SUMMARY *Grade II Listed terrace of three thatched cottages with the eastern-most unit dating from the first half of the 17th century, with 18th and 19th century alterations. The central cottage (No 4) appears to consist of an earlier single storey workshop, (possibly contemporary with the eastern cottage) raised to full two storey height probably in the late C18 or early C19.*

DESCRIPTION *Grade II Listed terrace of three thatched cottages, comprising seven bays of three phases of construction, with the eastern-most unit dating from the first half of the 17th century, with 18th and 19th century alterations. The central cottage (No 4) appears to consist of an earlier single storey workshop, (possibly contemporary with the eastern cottage) raised to full two storey height probably in the late C18 or early C19 (Cadw). A picturesque example of Vale of Glamorgan vernacular building and illustrating organic development from the early 17th and early 18th centuries. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: NOT KNOWN DESCRIPTION: Building depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: RECORDED: 1878
CONDITION: NOT KNOWN DESCRIPTION: Buildings shown on Google imagery (Google). RELATED EVENT: RECORDED: 2016

STATUS *Listed Building 16324 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 2212*
CROSS REFERENCES *Associated with 06136s*

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"
Online Resource Google Street View
Online Resource Cadw Listed Buildings Description
Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06281s>

PRN 06282s **NAME** *Blacksmiths Cottages, 5 Smiths Row, St Nicholas* **NGR** ST0899974273 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*
TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, TERRACED HOUSING, RANK: 0*
SUMMARY *Grade II Listed terrace of three thatched cottages with the eastern-most unit dating from the first half of the 17th century, with 18th and 19th century alterations. The western cottage dating from Circa 1700 is of two cells with central axial and gable stack at the western end, of hearth passage form with hall and outer room. The passage lying to the west of the axial stack. Gable entry timber spiral stair is located on the northern side of the axial stack.*

DESCRIPTION *Grade II Listed terrace of three thatched cottages, comprising seven bays of three phases of construction, with the eastern-most unit dating from the first half of the 17th century, with 18th and 19th century alterations. The central cottage (No 4) appears to consist of an earlier single storey workshop, (possibly contemporary with the eastern cottage) raised to full two storey height probably in the late C18 or early C19. The western cottage dating from Circa 1700 is of two cells with central axial and gable stack at the western end, of hearth passage form with hall and outer room. The passage lying to the west of the axial stack. Gable entry timber spiral stair is located on the northern side of the axial stack. (Cadw). A picturesque example of Vale of Glamorgan vernacular building and illustrating organic development from the early 17th and early 18th centuries. Included on*

Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).

CONDITION

CONDITION: NOT KNOWN DESCRIPTION: Building depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: RECORDED: 1878

CONDITION: NOT KNOWN DESCRIPTION: Buildings shown on Google imagery (Google). RELATED EVENT: RECORDED: 2016

STATUS *Listed Building 16325 II, UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 2213*

CROSS REFERENCES *Associated with 06136s, Associated with 06281s*

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

Online Resource Google Street View

Online Resource Cadw Listed Buildings Description

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06282s>

PRN *06375s* **NAME** *Sheepcourt Farm, Bonvilston* **NGR** *- , ST0704274110* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, FARMHOUSE, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *A C19 farm house with attractive stone farm buildings within adjoining farm complex.*

DESCRIPTION *A C19 farm house with attractive stone farm buildings within adjoining farm complex. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1878

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 2485*

CROSS REFERENCES *- -*

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06375s>

PRN *06376s* **NAME** *Sheepcourt Cottage, Bonvilston* **NGR** *ST0714174097* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, COTTAGE, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *A thatched cottage set high on an embankment which marks the eastern limits of the village.*

DESCRIPTION *A thatched cottage set high on an embankment which marks the eastern limits of the village. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: NOT KNOWN DESCRIPTION: Depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: RECORDED: 1878

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 2486*

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 19956*

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06376s>

PRN *06377s* **NAME** *Red Lion, Bonvilston* **NGR** *ST0664174052* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, PUBLIC HOUSE, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *An early public house set hard against the road and occupying a central position in the village.*

DESCRIPTION *An early public house set hard against the road and occupying a central position in the village. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *MOVED DESCRIPTION: Depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1878*

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 2487*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06377s>

PRN *06378s* **NAME** *Red Lion Cottages, Bonvilston* **NGR** *ST0662274024* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, COTTAGE, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *C19 estate cottages built in coursed limestone and displaying rustic decoration within timber porches, arched brick window openings and vents.*

DESCRIPTION *C19 estate cottages built in coursed limestone and displaying rustic decoration within timber porches, arched brick window openings and vents. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *NOT KNOWN DESCRIPTION: Depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: RECORDED: 1878*

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 2488*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06378s>

PRN *06379s* **NAME** *Woodland Lodge, Bonvilston* **NGR** *ST0657074048* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, GATE LODGE, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Woodland Lodge, designed in 1840 by David Vaughn. The Lodge and gate piers provide evidence of the impressive entrance to the former Bonvilston House.*

DESCRIPTION *Woodland Lodge, designed in 1840 by David Vaughn. The Lodge and gate piers provide evidence of the impressive entrance to the former Bonvilston House. The construction of a later upper storey has altered its former classical proportions, although the original detail remains at ground floor. The stables remain deep within the Village Farm housing estate. Built of coursed limestone, the stone arched entrance is a startling feature within the domestic layout of the Village Farm estate. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: *NOT KNOWN DESCRIPTION: Depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: RECORDED: 1878*

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 2489*

CROSS REFERENCES - - *GGATE003082*

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06379s>

PRN 06382s **NAME** Plasnewydd, Bonvilston **NGR** ST0655074004 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE MODERN, HOUSE, RANK: -

SUMMARY Built at the beginning of the C20 for a member of the Cardiff based Macintosh family, the house displays fine detailing of the Arts and Crafts period, with heavy gabled roofs, leaded lights to windows and decorative rendered and random stone elevations.

DESCRIPTION Built at the beginning of the C20 for a member of the Cardiff based Macintosh family, the house displays fine detailing of the Arts and Crafts period, with heavy gabled roofs, leaded lights to windows and decorative rendered and random stone elevations. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** Building at this location depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map).

RELATED EVENT: - **RECORDED:** 1878

STATUS UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 2490

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 2nd Edition OS map 6"

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

Map Ordnance Survey 3rd Edition OS map 6"

Map Ordnance Survey 4th Edition OS map 6"

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06382s>

PRN 06386s **NAME** Button Ride, St Nicholas **NGR** ST0930573935 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE MODERN, TERRACED HOUSE, RANK: -

SUMMARY Row of attractive cottage-type houses built by Cardiff Rural District Council in the mid 1950's.

DESCRIPTION Row of attractive cottage-type houses built in the mid 1950's. Run of eight links with all except the two end houses having shared alleyway access to the rear of the property built by Cardiff Rural District Council as an extension to Duffryn Close to provide additional rented accommodation. The houses are white painted with traditional small tiled roofs. The windows are small-paned having casement openings on main window blocks. All window and door openings conform to the original design although some have been replaced with modern alternatives. Compact box hedges front the properties, in keeping with the original outline plan. This development reflects some of the best design in council house building of the early-post World War II council house construction (Vale of Glamorgan Council).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED **DESCRIPTION:** Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council). **RELATED EVENT:** - **RECORDED:** 2007

STATUS UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1345

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06386s>

PRN 06389s **NAME** Westways, St Nicholas **NGR** ST0902274292 **COMMUNITY** St Nicholas and Bonvilston

TYPE POST MEDIEVAL, HOUSE, RANK: -

SUMMARY Design influenced by Arts and Crafts movement. Other buildings in this style are visible in Village Farm, Church Hall and Church Hall House. This building was erected on the site of the Traveller's Rest by Miss Cory as a coffee tavern to meet the needs of travellers and those wishing to stay overnight.

DESCRIPTION *Design influenced by Arts and Crafts movement. Other buildings in this style are visible in Village Farm, Church Hall and Church Hall House. This building was erected on the site of the Traveller's Rest by Miss Cory as a coffee tavern to meet the needs of travellers and those wishing to stay overnight. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1878

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1317*

CROSS REFERENCES *Same as 409798*

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06389s>

PRN *06390s* **NAME** *Village pump, St Nicholas* **NGR** *ST0902574395* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, WATER PUMP, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Cast iron pump at site of well, just outside the north east corner of the churchyard. Was used by villagers to obtain water in the time before there was piped water.*

DESCRIPTION *Cast iron pump at site of well, just outside the north east corner of the churchyard. Was used by villagers to obtain water in the time before there was piped water. Included on Vale of Glamorgan Council's List of County Treasures (Vale of Glamorgan Council).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Depicted on 1st edition OS mapping (OS map). RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1878

STATUS *UA Local List (Adopted) VoG: 1313*

CROSS REFERENCES *- -*

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 1st Edition OS map 6"

Report Vale of Glamorgan Council 2007 Vale of Glamorgan County Treasures: St Nicholas and Bonvilston Website accessed 21 December 2012

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06390s>

PRN *06725s* **NAME** *Leige Castle Farmstead* **NGR** *ST0558073204* **COMMUNITY** *Llancarfan*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, FARMSTEAD, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping.*

DESCRIPTION *Leige Castle Farmstead is a potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. This farmstead appears to be of Dispersed plan type (OS map).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1898

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES *- -*

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 2nd Edition OS map 6"

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06725s>

PRN *06726s* **NAME** *Ty'n-Y-Coed Outfarm* **NGR** *ST0621773072* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, FARMSTEAD, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping.*

DESCRIPTION *Ty'n-Y-Coed Outfarm is a potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping (OS map).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: *Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1898*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 2nd Edition OS map 6"

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06726s>

PRN 06728s **NAME** *Whitton Rosser Farmstead* **NGR** ST0726472128 **COMMUNITY** *Llancarfan*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, FARMSTEAD, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping.*

DESCRIPTION *Whitton Rosser Farmstead is a potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. This farmstead appears to be of Regular Courtyard plan type (OS map).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: *Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1898*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 2nd Edition OS map 6"

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06728s>

PRN 06758s **NAME** *Pwll Sarn Farmstead* **NGR** ST0881074262 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, FARMSTEAD, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping.*

DESCRIPTION *Pwll Sarn Farmstead is a potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. This farmstead appears to be of Regular Courtyard plan type (OS map).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: *Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1898*

STATUS *None recorded*

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 2nd Edition OS map 6"

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06758s>

PRN 06807s **NAME** *Blackland Farm* **NGR** ST0774372795 **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, FARMSTEAD, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping.*

DESCRIPTION *Blackland Farm is a potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic*

Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. This farmstead appears to be of Loose Courtyard plan type (OS map).

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1898

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 2nd Edition OS map 6"

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06807s>

PRN 06808s **NAME** *Tinkinswood Farmstead* **NGR** *ST0952273379* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, FARMSTEAD, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping.*

DESCRIPTION *Tinkinswood Farmstead is a potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. This farmstead appears to be of Loose Courtyard plan type (OS map).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1898

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 2nd Edition OS map 6"

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06808s>

PRN 06809s **NAME** *Tinkinswood Farmstead* **NGR** *ST0941873240* **COMMUNITY** *St Nicholas and Bonvilston*

TYPE *POST MEDIEVAL, FARMSTEAD, RANK: -*

SUMMARY *Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping.*

DESCRIPTION *Tinkinswood Farmstead is a potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. This farmstead appears to be of Loose Courtyard plan type (OS map).*

CONDITION

CONDITION: MOVED DESCRIPTION: Potential historic farmstead identified as part of GGAT and Cadw's Historic Farmsteads project, visible on Second Edition OS mapping. RELATED EVENT: - RECORDED: 1898

STATUS None recorded

CROSS REFERENCES - -

SOURCES

Map Ordnance Survey 2nd Edition OS map 6"

ARCHWILIO URL

<http://archwilio.org.uk/arch/query/page.php?watprn=GGAT06809s>

*AM - 07.27.22 (14:07) - HTML file produced from GGAT HER, GGAT file number 2890.
Glamorgan Gwent Archaeological Trust, Heathfield House, Heathfield, Swansea, SA1 6EL.
tel (01792) 655208 , fax (01792) 474696, email her@ggat.org.uk , website www.ggat.org.uk*

Archaeological data, from the Regional Historic Environment Record, supplied by The Glamorgan-Gwent Archaeological Trust in partnership with Local Authorities, Cadw and the partners of ENDEX GGAT, 2010.

Archaeology *Wales*

Appendix II: Gazetteer of new sites

ID	OFV01
Name	Dwelling south of Ty'n-y-Coed
Summary Welsh	Lleoliad annedd wedi'i ddymchwel
Summary English	Location of a demolished dwelling
Unitary Authority	Vale of Glamorgan
Description	The asset was the location of a dwelling but there are no traces left of the former structure.
NGR	ST 06290 72973
Easting	306290
Northing	172973
NGR Derivation	Historic mapping
Monument Type	Dwelling
Broadclass	Domestic
Evidence	Historic Mapping
Period	Post medieval
Survival Condition	Destroyed
Survival Rating	-
Record Compiled By	James Evans
Record Compiled On	30/06/2020
Copyright	Archaeology Wales

ID	OFV02
Name	Old Quarry/Old Limekiln east of Pencareg
Summary Welsh	Lleoliad chwarel/odyn galch flaenorol
Summary English	Location of a former quarry/limekiln
Unitary Authority	Vale of Glamorgan
Description	The asset is the site of a former quarry/limekiln, but there are no visible remains and a field boundary/hedgerow is at the location.
NGR	ST 06822 72870
Easting	306822
Northing	172870
NGR Derivation	Historic mapping
Monument Type	Quarry/Limekiln
Broadclass	Industrial
Evidence	Historic Mapping
Period	Post medieval
Survival Condition	Destroyed
Survival Rating	-
Record Compiled By	James Evans
Record Compiled On	30/06/2020
Copyright	Archaeology Wales

ID	OFV03
Name	Old Quarry within Coed yr Aber Woodland
Summary Welsh	Lleoliad chwarel flaenorol o fewn coedwig Coed yr Aber
Summary English	Location of a former quarry within the woodland of Coed yr Aber
Unitary Authority	Vale of Glamorgan
Description	The asset is the site of a former quarry located within Coed yr Aber Woods, but there are no visible remains of the quarry.
NGR	ST 07275 73303
Easting	307275
Northing	173303
NGR Derivation	Historic mapping
Monument Type	Quarry
Broadclass	Industrial
Evidence	Historic Mapping
Period	Post medieval
Survival Condition	Destroyed
Survival Rating	-
Record Compiled By	James Evans
Record Compiled On	30/06/2020
Copyright	Archaeology Wales

Archaeology

Wales

Appendix III: Written Scheme of Investigation

Archaeology Wales Ltd
The Reading Room, Town Hall, Llanidloes SY18 6BN
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www.arch-wales.co.uk

Specification

For Archaeological Desk Based Assessment:

Land at Pancross and Oaklands Farm, near Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan

Reference No:
2020/00088/SC1

Prepared for:
Sirius Planning

Project No: 2798

April 2020



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Figure 1. Location of development area

Summary

This Specification details the proposal for an archaeological Desk-Based Assessment associated with the proposed construction of a solar farm and power storage units (batteries) on land at Pancross and Oaklands Farm, near Bonvilston, Vale of Glamorgan. The site is centred on approximately NGR ST 07000 72770, and the associated reference number is 2020/00088/SC1. This Written Scheme of Investigation (WSI) has been prepared by Archaeology Wales for Sirius Planning.

1. Introduction

- 1.1.1. The proposed development site is located approximately 1.2km to the south of Bonvilston and 5km to the north of Cardiff Airport, Vale of Glamorgan, centred on NGR ST 07000 72770 (henceforth – the site). The site covers an area of approximately 111 hectares, and it is proposed that a Solar farm and power storage units (batteries) with ancillary infrastructure will occupy this area (planning application number: 2020/00088/SC1). Glamorgan-Gwent Archaeological Trust - Archaeological Planning Management (henceforth – GGAT-APM) are the archaeological advisors to the Vale of Glamorgan Council (henceforth – VoGC).
- 1.1.2. This Specification has been prepared by James Evans, Project Archaeologist, Archaeology Wales Ltd (henceforth – AW) at the request of Sirius Planning. It provides information on the methodology that will be employed by AW during a Desk Based Assessment and Site Visit.
- 1.1.3. The purpose of the proposed Desk-Based Assessment is to provide GGAT-APM with the information they are likely to request in respect of the proposed development, the requirements for which are set out in Planning Policy Wales (Ed.10, December 2018), Section 6, and Technical Advice Note 24. The work is to highlight and assess the impact upon standing and buried remains of potential archaeological interest to ensure that they are adequately preserved or fully investigated and recorded if they are disturbed or revealed as a result of subsequent activities associated with the development.
- 1.1.4. All work will conform to the Standard and Guidance for Archaeological Desk Based Assessment (ClfA, 2014) and be undertaken by suitably qualified staff to the highest professional standards.

2. Development Details & Site Description

- 2.1.1. The proposed development comprises of plans for the construction of a Solar farm and power storage units (batteries) across approximately 111 ha of land (solar generation maximum installed capacity of 65 MWp) with ancillary infrastructure. The site is currently made up of a series of enclosed fields, with several trackways crossing through the area. The site is bounded to north by

further enclosed fields, to the south by woodland, to the east by the A4226, and to the west by a single tracked road.

- 2.1.2. The geology beneath the site comprises of mudstone, siltstone, limestone and sandstone belonging to the Lias Group. This sedimentary bedrock formed approximately 172 to 204 million years ago in the Jurassic and Triassic Periods. The local environment would have previously been dominated by shallow seas (BGS 2020).

2.2. Site Specific Objectives

- 2.2.1. The primary objective of the desk-based assessment will be to assess the potential impact of the development proposals on the historic environment by means of a detailed desk-based study and site visit. This will help inform future decision making, design solutions and potential mitigation strategies. The aim will be to make full and effective use of existing information in establishing the archaeological significance of the site, to elucidate the presence or absence of archaeological material, its character, distribution, extent, condition and relative significance.
- 2.2.2. The work will include a comprehensive assessment of regional context within which the archaeological evidence rests and will aim to highlight any relevant research issues within national and regional research frameworks.
- 2.2.3. This desk-based assessment will result in a report that will provide information of sufficient detail to allow informed planning decisions to be made which can safeguard the archaeological resource. The information could then be used to determine further archaeological investigation or appropriate mitigation strategies for any archaeological remains within the area to be implemented prior to or during the proposed development. Preservation *in situ* will be advocated where at all possible, but where engineering or other factors result in loss of archaeological deposits, preservation by record will be recommended.

3. The Proposed Archaeological Work

- 3.1.1. The proposed archaeological work relates to the whole of the site, i.e. all of the application area.
- 3.1.2. The aim of the work will be to establish and make available information about the archaeological resource existing on the site. The work will include the following elements:
- A detailed desk-based assessment (Stage 1)
 - A site visit (Stage 2)
 - The production of an illustrated report and the deposition of the site archive (Stage 3)

4. Method Statement for a Detailed Desk-Based Assessment (Stage 1)

4.1.1. The assessment will consider the following:

- a) The nature, extent and degree of survival of archaeological sites, structures, deposits and landscapes within the study area. It will involve the following areas of research:
 1. Collation and assessment of all relevant information held in the regional HER at the Glamorgan-Gwent Archaeological Trust in Swansea, within a 1km buffer zone around the proposed development area.
 2. Collation and assessment of the impact on all Designated archaeological sites (Scheduled Ancient Monuments, Listed Buildings, Historic Parks & Gardens, landscapes, Conservation Areas) within 3km buffer zone around the proposed development area.
 3. Assessment of all available excavation report and archives including unpublished and unprocessed material affecting the site and its setting.
 4. Assessment of all extant aerial photographic (AP) evidence. This will include visits to Central Register of Air Photography for Wales, in Cardiff.
 5. Assessment of relevant archive records held at the County Archives, and as appropriate, site files held by RCAHMW
 6. Records held by the developer e.g. bore logs, geological/geomorphological information, aerial photographs, maps, plans.
 7. Map regression analysis using all relevant cartographic sources e.g. All editions of the Ordnance Survey County Series, Tithe and early estate maps (as available).
 8. Place name evidence.
 9. Internet sourced satellite imagery and Lidar imagery as available.
 10. Assessment of the records held at the Portable Antiquities Scheme.
 11. Historic documents (e.g. Charters, registers, estate papers).
- b) The significance of any remains in their context both regionally and nationally and in light of the findings of the desk-based study.
- c) The history of the site, based on the areas of research outlined above.

- d) The potential impact of any proposed development on the setting of known sites of archaeological importance (this will constitute a brief assessment, rather than a formal assessment such as that detailed in the Design Manual of Roads and Bridges).
- e) The potential for further archaeological remains to be present, which have not been identified in pre-existing archaeological records.
- f) The potential for further work, with recommendations if requested and where appropriate for a suitable investigative and/or mitigation methodology.

5. Method Statement for the Site Visit (Stage 2)

- 5.1.1. The site visit will be a visual walked search of the accessible development area. The ground surface will be visually inspected for all earthworks, structures and finds. The location of any environmental archaeological deposits, or areas which may have a potential for such deposits, will also be taken into account along with the visible archaeology.
- 5.1.2. All located sites or finds will be accurately fixed by means of GPS. Each individual find or site location will have an accurate NGR reference attached. Where a close cluster of related features is identified a single NGR for the centre of the cluster will be used, and each constituent feature separately described in the text.
- 5.1.3. The character, function, condition, vulnerability, potential dating and relationship to other features of each identified site or find will be described fully. The importance of the site or find will be assessed in terms of local, regional or national significance.
- 5.1.4. Digital photographs, including scales, will be taken using cameras with resolutions of 10 mega pixels or above.
- 5.1.5. The site visit will also assess the visual impact of the proposed development on the setting of known sites of archaeological importance. Photographs will be taken from the proposed development to help illustrate and assess this visual impact and Designated sites within the study area will also be visited with photographs taken towards the proposed development to help illustrate and assess this visual impact on these sites.

6. Method Statement for the Production of an Illustrated Report and the Deposition of the Site Archive (Stage 3)

- 6.1.1. A report will be produced which synthesises the results of stages 1 and 2 and thereby assesses the total archaeological resource within the development area.
- 6.1.2. The results will be presented in a report and will be detailed and laid out in such a way that data and supporting text are readily cross-referenced. The report will adhere to the Welsh Archaeological Trust's joint Guidance for the Submission of Data to the Welsh Historic Environment Records (2018). The historical

development of the site will be presented in phased maps and plans comprising clearly, the outline of the site.

- 6.1.3. Within the report an attempt will be made to indicate areas of greater or lesser archaeological significance and the sites will be ranked in level of overall archaeological importance (locally, regionally and nationally).
- 6.1.4. All relevant aerial photographs, re-plots and historic maps will be included and be fully referenced.
- 6.1.5. The report will specifically include the following:
 - a copy of the design brief (if applicable)
 - a location plan
 - all identified sites plotted on an appropriately scaled plan of the proposal site
 - a gazetteer of all located sites
- 6.1.6. Copies of the report will be sent to the client and to GGAT for inclusion in the HER. Digital copies will be provided in pdf format.

6.2. The Site Archive

- 6.2.1. A project archive will be prepared in accordance with the National Monuments Record (Wales) agreed structure and be deposited with the National Monuments Records, held and maintained by the RCAHMW, Aberystwyth, on completion of the report. It will also conform to the guidelines set out in 'The National Standard and Guidance to Best Practice for Collecting and Depositing Archaeological Archives in Wales 2017' (National Panel for Archaeological Archives in Wales 2017). The digital archive will be deposited with the NMR.
- 6.2.2. Although there may be a period during which client confidentiality will need to be maintained, the report and the archive will be deposited not later than six months after completion of the work.
- 6.2.3. Other significant digital data generated by the survey (i.e. AP plots, EDM surveys, CAD drawings, GIS maps, etc) will be presented as part of the report on a CD/DVD. The format of this presented data will be agreed with the curator in advance of its preparation.

7. Resources & Timetable

7.1. Standards

- 7.1.1. The desk-based assessment will be undertaken by AW staff using current best practice. All work will be undertaken to the standards and guidelines of the CIfA.

7.2. Staff

- 7.2.1. The project will be undertaken by suitably qualified AW staff. Overall

management of the project will be undertaken by Charley James-Martin – project manager, AW (MCIfA).

7.3. Timetable of archaeological works

7.3.1. The work will be undertaken at the convenience of the client and is likely to commence imminently.

7.4. Insurance

7.4.1. AW is fully insured for this type of work, and holds Insurance with Aviva Insurance Ltd and Hiscox Insurance Company Limited through Towergate Insurance. Full details of these and other relevant policies can be supplied on request.

7.5. Arbitration

7.5.1. Disputes or differences arising in relation to this work shall be referred for a decision in accordance with the Rules of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators' *Arbitration Scheme for the Institute for Archaeologists* applying at the date of the agreement.

7.6. Health and safety

7.6.1. All members of staff will adhere to the requirements of the *Health & Safety at Work Act, 1974*, and the Health and Safety Policy Statement of AW.

8. References

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014. *Standards and guidance for the collection, compilation, transfer and deposition of archaeological archives.*

Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014. *Standards and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials.*

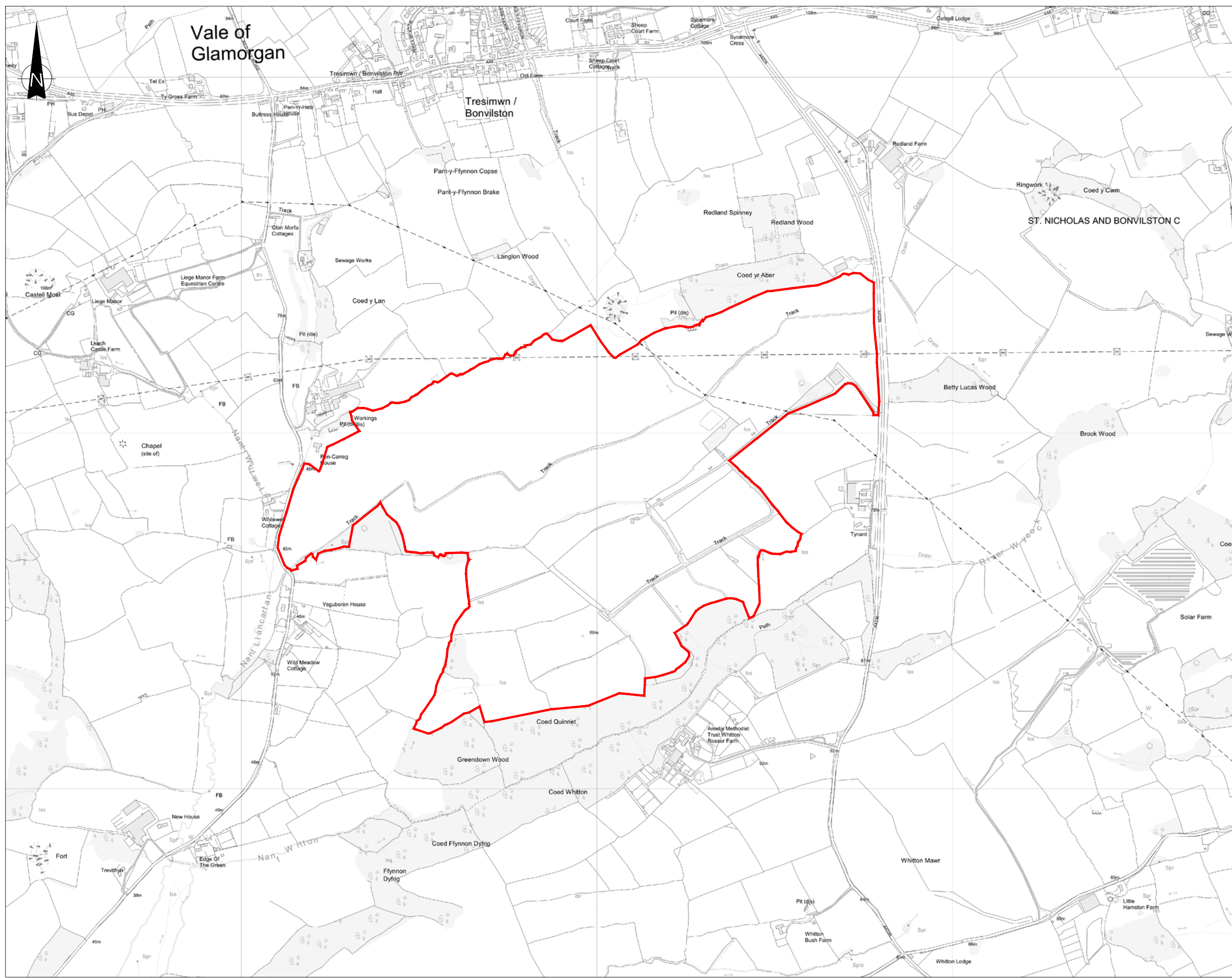
Chartered Institute for Archaeologists, 2014. *Standards and guidance for historic environment desk-based assessment.*

National Panel for Archaeological Archives in Wales, 2017. *The National Standard and Guidance to Best Practice for Collecting and Depositing Archaeological Archives in Wales*

Welsh Archaeological Trusts, 2018. *Guidance for the Submission of Data to the Welsh Historic Environment Records (HERs).*

British Geological Survey: Geology of Britain viewer:

www.bgs.ac.uk/discoveringGeology/geologyOfBritain/viewer.html (accessed 14/04/20)



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NOTES

KEY

— **SITE BOUNDARY**
 1,111,315m²
 111.13 Hectares
 274.6 Acres

REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE	BY

CLIENT




4245 Park Approach, Thorpe Park, Leeds. LS15 9GB. 0113 264 9960

JOB TITLE

OAKLANDS FARM SOLAR

DRAWING TITLE

SITE BOUNDARY PLAN

DRAWN	DATE	APPROVED	DATE
S.T	29/10/2019	N.D	29/10/2019

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